

SOYO LI-7000 LPX SYSTEM

Socket 370 CeleronTM Processor supported

FW82810 AGP/PCI/AMR Chipset

66/100 MHz Front Side Bus supported

Custom LPX Form Factor

User's Manual

LI-7000

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About This Guide:

This Quick Start Guide can help system manufacturers and end users in setting up and installing the Motherboard. Information in this guide has been carefully checked for reliability; however, to the correctness of the contents there is no guarantee given. The information in this document is subject to amend without notice.

For further information, please visit our **Web Site** on the Internet. The address is "http://www.soyo.com.tw".

Edition: August 1999 Version 1.0 LI-7000 SERIAL Tested To Comply
With FCC Standards
FOR HOME OR OFFICE USE

100% POST CONSUMER RECYCLED PAPER



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Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

1-1 KEY FEATURES

- ► LPX Form Factor 36.3(d) x 31.5(w) x 8.5(H) cm
- > 150W (Max.) SFX Switching Power Supply
- Screw less & Wire-Free Front Panel
- Detachable Logo Plate
- > 1 x FDD, 1 x HDD (hidden), 1 x CD-ROM drive bay
- Detachable Drive Bracket
- ➤ Riser Card for 1 x PCI and 1 x AMR slot Expansion

1-2 LI-7000 SYSTEM ILLUSTRATION

Figure 1. Front Panel





Figure 2. Back Panel

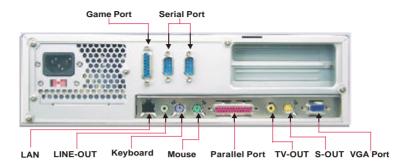
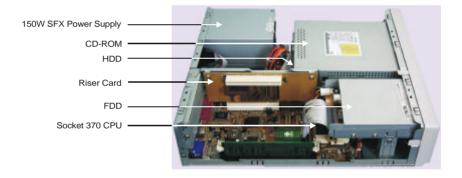
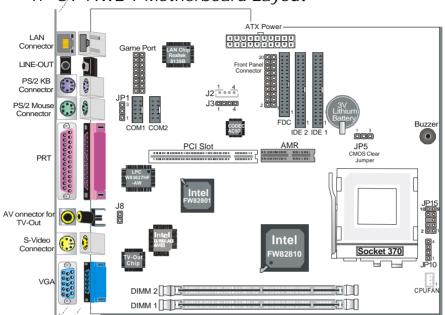


Figure 3. Inside Look



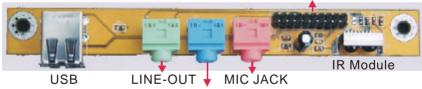


SY-7IWL-T Motherboard Layout 1.



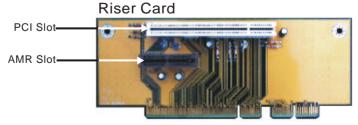
Front Panel Board





LINE-IN

3. Riser Card

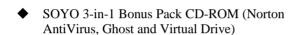




1-3 UNPACKING

When unpacking the System, check for the following items:

- ◆ The LI-7000 System
- ◆ The Quick Start Guide
- ◆ The Installation CD-ROM



◆ Power Cord







Like most electronic equipment, your Motherboard and other components and devices may be damaged by electrostatic discharge. To avoid permanent damage to components ground yourself while working by using a grounding strap. Otherwise, ground yourself frequently by touching the unpainted portion of the computer chassis to drain the static charges.



Chapter 2

MOTHEBOARD DESCRIPTION

2-1 INTRODUCTION

The **SY-7IWL-T** AGP/PCI/AMR Motherboard is a high-performance Socket 370 processor supported Custom LPX form-factor system board. **SY-7IWL-T** uses the FW82810 Chipset technology and supports Socket 370 processors. This Motherboard is fully compatible with industry standards and adds many technical enhancements.

2-2 KEY FEATURES

- ➤ Supports Intel Celeron TMprocessors (300A-500MHz)
- Supports 100 & 66 MHz Front Side Bus Frequency
- ➤ Auto detect CPU bus Frequency (66/100)
- ➤ Auto-detect CPU voltage
- ➤ Chipset integrated 3D AGP Accelerator
- ➤ Easy CPU settings in BIOS with the "SOYO COMBO Setup"
- ➤ PC98, ACPI
- Ultra DMA33/66 (ATA 33/66)
- Supports ACPI Suspend Indicator
- ➤ Power-on by modem, alarm, PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse
- ➤ Supports Wake-On-LAN Function
- ➤ Supports Onboard PCI LAN Realtek 8139B 10/100Mb/s
- ➤ Supports TV-out (NTSC/PAL)
- Supports AC97 Codec software audio
- Supports onboard hardware monitoring and includes Hardware Doctor TMutility
- Power failure resume



- > Fan speed control
- ➤ Battery Low voltage Detect
- > Support 7 sets of voltage monitoring
- Supports multiple-boot function
- ➤ Y2K Complaint
- ➤ Supports Audio Modem Riser slot (AMR 1.0 compliant)
- ➤ 1 x 32-bit bus mastering PCI slot
- ➤ 2 x USB ports onboard
- ➤ 1 x IrDA Device
- > ATX power connector
- ➤ Hardware Random Number Generator (RNG) for enabling enhanced platform security
- ➤ RTC hardware to handle Y2K Century Rollover



* If the user wants to use a Modem Riser card (MR) make sure to use a **Secondary** mode MR, **PRIMARY** mode MRs are **NOT** Supported.



2-3 HANDLING THE MOTHERBOARD

To avoid damage to your Motherboard, follow these simple rules while unpacking:

- ➤ Before handling the Motherboard, ground yourself by grasping an unpainted portion of the system's metal chassis.
- Remove the Motherboard from its anti-static packaging. Hold the Motherboard by the edges and avoid touching its components.
- ➤ Check the Motherboard for damage. If any chip appears loose, press carefully to seat it firmly in its socket.



Warning: Do not apply power if the Motherboard appears damaged. If there is damage to the board, contact your dealer immediately.

2-4 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS

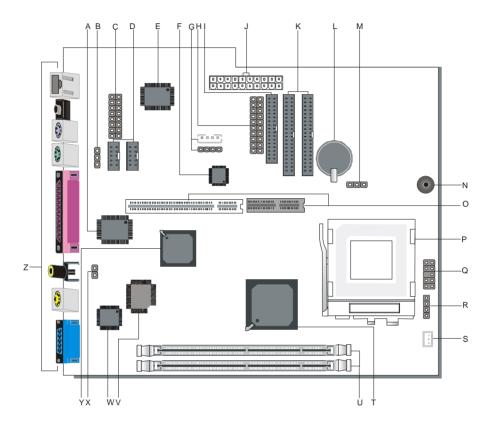
Make sure to ground yourself before handling the Motherboard or other system components. Electrostatic discharge can easily damage the components. Note that you must take special precautions when handling the Motherboard in dry or air-conditioned environment.

To protect your equipment from electrostatic discharge, take the following precautions:

- > Do not remove the anti-static packaging until you are ready to install.
- Ground yourself before removing any system component from its protective anti-static packaging. (To ground yourself, grasp the expansion slot covers or other unpainted portions of the computer chassis.)
- Frequently ground yourself while working or use a grounding strap.
- ➤ Handle the Motherboard by its edges and avoid touching its components.



2-5 SY-7IWL-T MOTHERBOARD COMPONENTS





- A Winbond W83627HF-AW LPC I/O Chip
- B Power-On by Keyboard Jumper
- C Game Port Connector
- D COM1/COM2 Connector
- E Realtek 8139B LAN Chip
- F AC97 Codec Chip
- **G** CD-IN Connector
- **H** Front panel connectors
- I Floppy Disk Drive (FDD) Port
- J ATX Power Supply Connector
- K Bus Mastering E-IDE/ATAPI Ports
- L 3V Lithium Battery
- M CMOS Clear Jumper
- N Buzzer
- O Riser-Card Slot
- P Socket 370 Connector
- O Power-button & Front Panel LED Connector
- R Speaker Connector
- S CPU Cooling Fan Connector
- T Intel FW82810 GMCH Chip
- U DIMM Sockets
- V Intel 82802AB 4Mb FWH Chip
- W TV-Out Chip
- X TV-Out Signal Format Jumper
- Y Intel FW82801 ICH Chip
- **Z** Back panel Connectors



2-6 CHIPSET

To compliment the Intel ®Celeron processor, the Intel ® 810 chipsets delivers a balanced platform solution for value computing. The 810 chipset is a highly-integrated three-chip solution consisting of a Graphics & Memory Controller (Intel 82810), an I/O Controller (Intel82801), and a Firmware Hub (Intel 82802).

The ICH is a highly integrated multifunctional I/O Controller Hub that provides the interface to the PCI Bus and integrates many of the functions needed in today PC platforms. The ICH communicates with the host controller over a dedicated hub interface. There are two versions of the ICH (82801AA: ICH and 82801AB: ICH0). These devices are pin compatible and are in 241-pin packages.

The Intel ® 82802 Firmware Hub (FWH) component is part of the Intel ® 810 chipset. The FWH is key to enabling future security and manageability infrastructures for the PC platform.

Intel has developed technology that enhances the performance and exceptional value of the Intel ®Celeron TMprocessor-powered PC. Built on the strong foundation of Intel ® 440BXAGPset technology, the Intel ® 810 chipset has re-engineered the Value PC, providing next generation features and great graphics performance at a lower cost.

Richer, more robust 2D and 3D graphics are optimized thanks to an integrated chipset design that utilizes second-generation graphics technology. This integrated chipset offers innovative features with compelling performance while lowering overall system costs.

A new design with big benefits

At the core of the 810 chipset is a memory controller with built-in graphics



technology. The 82810 chip optimizes system memory arbitration, similar to AGP technology, resulting in a more responsive and cost-effective system.

The 82810 Graphics Memory Controller Hub (GMCH) features Intel ® graphics technology and software drivers, using Direct AGP (integrated AGP) to create vivid 2D and 3D effects and images. The 82810 chip features integrated Hardware Motion Compensation to improve soft DVD video quality and a digital video out port that enables connection to traditional TVs or the new space-saving digital flat panel displays.

Intel ® Dynamic Video Memory Technology (D.V.M.T.) is an architecture that offers breakthrough performance for the Value PC segment through efficient memory utilization and Direct AGP. The system OS uses the Intel software drivers and intelligent memory arbiter to support richer graphics applications.

The System Manageability Bus allows networking equipment to monitor the 810 chipset platform. Using ACPI specifications, the system manageability function enables low-power sleep mode and conserves energy when the system is idle.

The 82801 I/O Controller Hub (ICH) employs the Intel® Accelerated Hub Architecture to make a direct connection from the graphics and memory to the integrated AC97 controller, the IDE controllers, dual USB ports, and PCI add-in cards.

The Accelerated Hub Architecture provides twice the bandwidth of the PCI bus at 266 MB per second. This allows a wider flow of rich information from the I/O controller to the memory controller, with optimized arbitration rules allowing more functions to run concurrently, enabling more life-like audio and video.



The Integrated Audio-Codec 97 controller enables software audio and modem by using the processor to run sound and modem software. By reusing existing system resources, this feature adds flexibility, and improves sound quality.

The 82802 Firmware Hub (FWH) stores system BIOS and video BIOS, eliminating a redundant nonvolatile memory component. In addition, the 82802 contains a hardware Random Number Generator (RNG). The Intel ® RNG provides truly random numbers to enable fundamental security building blocks supporting stronger encryption, digital signing, and security protocols.

Intel 810 chipset re-engineers the Value PC by providing a platform that will bring next generation features and great graphics performance to Value PC while reducing overall platform cost.

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ Enhances performance and exceptional value of the Intel ®CeleronTM processor-powered PC
- ➤ Built on strong foundation of Intel® 440Bx technology
- Provides next generation features
- Provides great graphics performance at a lower cost
- Optimizes 2D and 3D graphics through integrated chipset design utilizing second-generation graphics technology
- Innovative features with compelling performance while lowering system costs

FEATURES BENEFITS

- Intel® Accelerated Hub Architecture Increased I/O performance allows better concurrency for richer multimedia applications
- ➤ Integrated graphics/AC97 controller, more flexibility and better audio quality
- Intel ® 3D graphics with Direct AGP Vivid 2D and 3D graphics,



- efficient use of system memory for graphics, O/S and applications
- Optional 4MB of dedicated display cache video memory Enables SKU differentiation with increased 3D graphics performance improvement over Direct AGP
- ➤ Low-power sleep modes Energy Savings
- ➤ One software driver code base More stable platform, higher quality graphics, reduced OEM support costs
- ➤ Intel ® Random Number Generator (RNG) EnablesISV's to strengthen security products
- Digital Video Out port Allows connection of traditional TV or new digital flat panel displays; compatible with DVI specification
- Soft DVD MPEG 2 playback with Hardware Motion Compensation Life-like video and audio
- ➤ 100-MHz System Bus capable Flexibility for performance headroom
- ➤ 2 USB ports Plug and Play
- Multiple Intel ® 810 chipsetSKUs for Value PC price points Lower platform and manufacturing costs with single motherboard design

Product Package

- ➤ 82810 Graphics Memory Controller Hub 421 Ball Grid Array (BGA)
- > 82801 Integrated Controller Hub 241 Ball Grid Array (BGA)
- ➤ 82802 Firmware Hub 32-pin PLCC or 40-pin TSOP

2-6.1 Accelerated Graphics Port (A.G.P.)

A.G.P. is a high-performance bus for graphics-intensive applications, such as 3D applications. A.G.P., while based on the PCI Local Bus Specifications, Rev 2.1, is independent of the PCI bus and is intended for exclusive use with graphical display devices. A.G.P. overcomes certain limitations of the PCI bus related to handling a large amount of graphics data with the following features:

• Pipelined memory read and write operations that hide memory access



latency

- Demultiplexing of address and data on the bus for near 100 percent bus efficiency
- AC timing for 133 MHz data transfer rates, allowing real data throughput in excess of 500 MB/sec

2-6.2 Universal Serial Bus (USB)

The motherboard has two USB ports; one USB peripheral can be connected to each port. For more than two USB devices, an external hub can be connected to either port. The motherboard fully supports the universal host controller interface (UHCI) and used UHCI-compatible software drivers

Specification USB features include:

- Self-identifying peripherals that can be plugged in while the computer is running
- Automatic mapping of function to driver and configuration
- Support for isochronous and asynchronous transfer types over the same set of wires
- Support for up to 127 physical devices
- Guaranteed bandwidth and low latencies appropriate for telephony, audio, and other applications
- Error-handling and fault-recovery mechanisms built into the protocol

Note

Computer systems that have an unshielded cable attached to a USB port may not meet FCC Class B requirements, even if no device or a low-speed USB device is attached to the cable. Use shielded cable that meets the requirements for a full-speed USB device.



2-6.3 IDE Support

The motherboard has two independent bus-mastering PCI IDE interfaces. These interfaces support PIO Mode3, PIO Mode 4, ATAPI devices (e.g., CD-ROM), and Ultra DMA/33 synchronous-DMA mode transfers. The BIOS supports logical block addressing (LBA) and extended cylinder head sector (ECHS) translation modes. The BIOS automatically detects the IDE device transfer rate and translation mode.

Programmed I/O operations usually require a substantial amount of processor bandwidth. However, in multitasking operating systems, the bandwidth freed by bus mastering IDE can be devoted to other tasks while disk transfers are occurring.

The motherboard also supports laser servo (LS-120) drives. LS-120 technology allows the user to perform read/write operations to LS-120 (120MB) and conventional 1.44MB and 720KB diskettes. An optical servo system is used to precisely position a dual-gap head to access the diskett's 2,490 tracks per inch (tpi) containing up to 120 MB of data storage. A conventional diskette uses 135 tpi for 1.44 MB of data storage. LS-120 drivers are ATAPI-compatible and connect to the motherboard's IDE interface. (LS-120 drives are also available with SCJSI and parallel port interfaces.) Some versions of Windows 95 and Windows NT operating systems recognize the LS-120 drive as a bootable device in both 120 MB and 1.44 MB mode.

Connection of an LS-120 drive and a standard 3.5-inch diskette drive is allowed. The LS-120 drive can be configured as a boot device if selected as Drive A in the BIOS setup program.

Note

If you connect at LS-120 drive to an IDE connector and configure it as the :boot: drive and configure a standard 3.5-inch diskette drive as a "B" drive, the standard diskette drive is not seen by the operating system. When the LS-120 drive is configured as the "boot: device, the system will recognize it as both the A and B drive



2-6.4 Real-Time Clock, CMOS SRAM, and Battery

The real-time clock is compatible with DS1287 and MC146818 components. The clock provides a time-of-day clock and a multicentury calendar with alarm features and century rollover. The real-time clock supports 256 bytes of battery-backed CMOS SRAM in two banks that are reserved for BIOS use.

The time, date, and CMOS values can be specified in the Setup program. The CMOS values can be returned to their defaults by using the Setup program.

2-7 I/O INTERFACE CONTROLLER

The motherboard uses the Winbond W83627HF-AW I/O controller which features:

- Single diskette drive interface
- Two serial ports
- FIFO supports on both serial and diskette interfaces
- One parallel port with Extended Capabilities Port (ECP) and Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) support
- PS/2 style mouse and keyboard interfaces
- PCI PME interface
- Intelligent auto power management, including:
 - Shadowed write-only registers for ACPI compliance
 - Programmable wake-up event interface

The Setup program provides configuration option for the I/O controller.

2-7.1 Serial Ports

The motherboard has one 9-pin D-Sub serial port connector located on the back panel. The NS16C5450-compatible UARTs support data transfers at speeds up to 115.2 Kbits/sec with BIOS support.

2-7.2 Parallel Port

The connector for the multimode bi-directional parallel port is a 25-pin D-Sub connector located on the back panel of the motherboard. In the Setup



program, there are four options for parallel port operation:

- Compatible (standard mode)
- Bi-directional (PS/2 compatible)
- Bi-directional EPP. A driver from the peripheral manufacturer is required for operation. See Section 6.2 for EPP compatibility.
- Bi-directional high-speed ECP

2-7.3 Diskette Drive Controller

The I/O controller is software compatible with the 82077 diskette drive controller and supports both PC-AT and PS/2 modes. In the Setup program, the diskette drive interface can be configured for the following diskette drive capacities and sizes.

- 360 KB, 5.25-inch
- 1.2 MB, 5.25-inch
- 720 KB, 3.5-inch
- 1.2 MB. 3.5-inch (driver required)
- 1.25-1.44 MB, 3.5-inch
- 2.88 MB, 3.5-inch

2-7.4 PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Interface

PS/2 keyboard and mouse connectors are located on the back panel of the motherboard. The +5 V lines to these connectors are protected with a fuse circuit that, like a self-healing fuse, reestablishes the connection after an over-current condition is removed.

Note

The mouse and keyboard can be plugged into either PS/2 connector. Power to the computer should be turned off before a keyboard or mouse is connected or disconnected.

The keyboard controller contains code, which provides the traditional keyboard and mouse control functions, and also supports Power On/Reset password protection. Power On/Reset password can be specified in the BIOS Setup program.



The keyboard controller also supports the hot-key sequence <Ctrl><Alt>, software reset. This key sequence resets the computer's software by jumping to the beginning of the BIOS code and running the Power On Self Test (POST).

2-7.5 Infrared Support

The IR connection can be used to transfer files to or from portable devices like laptops, PDAs, and printers.

2-8 AUDIO SUBSYSTEM

2-8.1 Audio Connector

The audio connectors include the following:

 Back panel connectors: stereo line-level output (Line Out), stereo line-level input (Line In), and Mic In

2-8.1.1 CD Line - in Connector

A1 x 4-pin ATAPI-style connector is available for connecting an internal CD-ROM drive to the audio mixer. The connector is designed for use with cables that are compatible with ATAPI CD-ROM drivers

2-9 HARDWARE MONITOR

The optional hardware monitor subsystem provides low-cost instrumentation capabilities. The features of the hardware monitor subsystem include:

- ➤ An integrated ambient temperature sensor
- Fan speed sensors, which monitor the fan 1 and fan 2 connectors
- Power supply voltage monitoring to detect levels above or below acceptable values

When suggested ratings for temperature, fan speed, or voltage are exceeded, an interrupt is activated. The hardware monitor component connects to the SMBus.



2-10 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY

Wake on LAN technology enables remote wakeup of the computer through a network. The LAN subsystem, whether onboard or as a PCI bus network adapter, monitors network traffic at the Media Independent Interface. Upon detecting a Magic Packet† frame, the LAN subsystem asserts a wakeup signal that powers up the computer. Depending on the LAN implementation, the motherboard board supports Wake on LAN technology in one of two ways:

- > Through the Wake on LAN technology connector
- ➤ Through the PCI bus PME# signal (for PCI2.2 compliant LAN designs)

The Wake on LAN technology connector can be used with PCI bus network adapters that have a remote wake up connector, Network adapters that are PCI 2.2 compliant assert the wakeup signal through the PCI bus signal PME# (pin A19 on the PCI bus connectors).

Note: This motherboard supports remote wakeup using the PME# signal; the WOL connector is not supported.

The onboard LAN subsystem also supports remote wakeup using the PME# signal.

CAUTION

For Wake on LAN, the 5-V standby line for the power supply must be capable of delivering $+5V \pm 5$ % at 720mA. Failure to provide adequate standby current when implementing Wake on LAN can damage the power supply.



Chapter 3

MOTHERBOARD'S HARDWARE INSTALLATION

3-1 PREPARATIONS

Gather and prepare all the following hardware equipment to complete the installation successfully:

- ◆ Celeron™ Socker370 processor with CPU cooling fan*
- ◆ SDRAM module
- Monitor
- Keyboard
- Mouse
- ◆ Speaker(s) (optional)
- ◆ Disk Drives: HDD, CD-ROM, Floppy drive ...
- External Peripherals: Printer, Plotter, and Modem (optional)
- ◆ Internal Peripherals: Modem Riser cards (optional)

Note: If you want to use an external speaker connected to "Line-out" port, please make sure to use an "amplified speaker" that can generate proper output sound volume.

^{*}Please use appropriate fan and heatsink to avoid the mechanical conflict with drive bracket.



3-2 MOTHERBOARD INSTALLATION GUIDE

We will now begin the installation of the Motherboard. Please follow the step-by-step procedure designed to lead you to a complete and correct installation.



Warning: Turn off the power to the Motherboard, system chassis, and peripheral devices before performing any work on the Motherboard or system.

BEGIN THE INSTALLATION



3-2.1 CPU Installation

To perform the installation of your new **SY-7IWL-T** Motherboard, follow the steps below:

✓ Mark your CPU Frequency: Record the working frequency of your CPU that should be clearly marked on the CPU cover.

300MHz (66 x 4.5)	333MHz (66 x 5.0)	366MHz (66 x 5.5)	400MHz (66 x 6.0)
433MHz (66 x 6.5)	466MHz (66 x70)	500MHz (66 x7.5)	

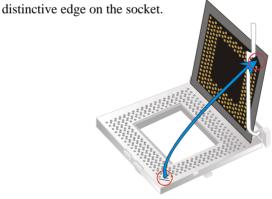
This Motherboard is designed to support processors with 100MHz FSB. However, Socket 370 processors with 100MHz FSB are not available at present.

CPU Mount Procedure: To mount the Celeron $^{\text{TM}}$ processor that you have purchased separately, follow these instructions.

1. Lift the socket handle up to a vertical position.

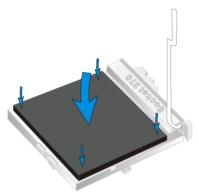


2. Align the blunt edge of the CPU with the matching pinhole





3. Seat the processor in the socket completely and without forcing.



4. Then close the socket handle to secure the CPU in place.

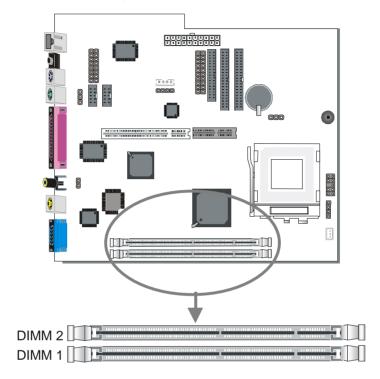




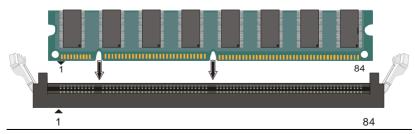
Remember to connect the CPU Cooling Fan to the appropriate power connector on the Motherboard. *The fan is a key component that will ensure system stability. The fan prevents overheating, therefore prolonging the life of your CPU.*



3-2.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation



Your board comes with two DIMM sockets, and supports up to 512MB main memory using industry standard Synchronous DRAM (SDRAM), single or double-sided, 3.3V unbuffered DIMM modules from 8MB to 256MB. Registered DIMMs or DIMMs populated with 4 bit wide SDRAM devices are not supported. PC100 compliant DIMM module is required regardless of 66 or 100MHz FSB speed.





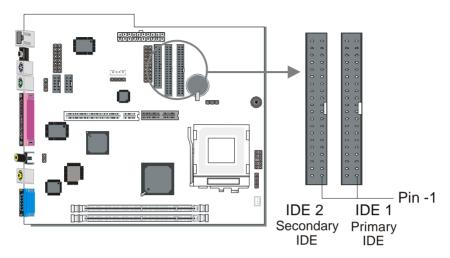
Memory Configuration Table

Number of Memory Modules	DIMM 1	DIMM 2
1	Double-sided/ Single-sided	Double-sided/ Single-sided
2	Double-sided/ Single-sided	Double-sided/ Single-sided
RAM Type SDRAM ¹		AM¹
Memory Module Size (MB)	8/16/32/64/256 Mbytes	

Note: PC100 Compliant DIMM module is required regardless of 66 or 100 MHz FSB speed.



3-2.3 Motherboard Connector

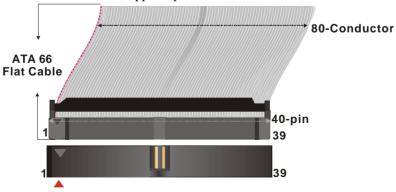


3-2.3.1 IDE Device Installation (HDD, CD-ROM)

This Motherboard offers two primary and secondary IDE device connectors (IDE1, IDE2). It can support up to four high-speed ATA 33/66 HDD or CD-ROM.

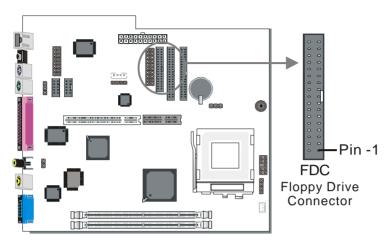
Connect one side of the 40-pin flat cable to the IDE device (HDD or CD-ROM) and plug the other end to the primary (IDE1) or secondary (IDE2) directionally keyed IDE connector on the Motherboard.

This Motherboard can support up to four ATA 33/66 IDE devices.



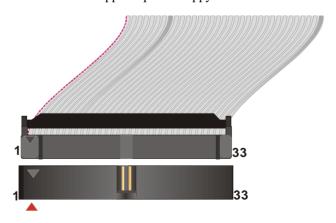


3-2.3.2 Floppy Drive Installation



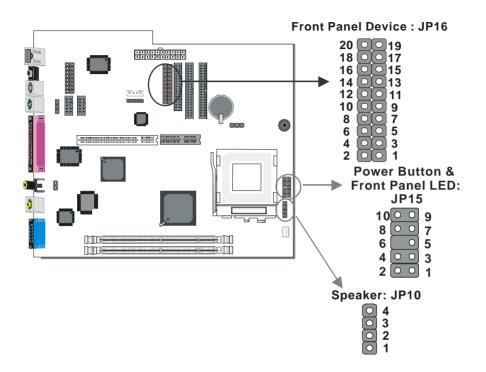
The system supports 5 possible floppy drive types: 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, 2.88 MB, and LS-120. In addition, this Motherboard supports a 3-mode (720KB/1.2MB/1.44MB) floppy commonly used in Japan. Connect one side of the 34-pin flat cable to the floppy drive and plug the other end to the floppy drive connector on the Motherboard.

This Motherboard can support up to 2 floppy drives.



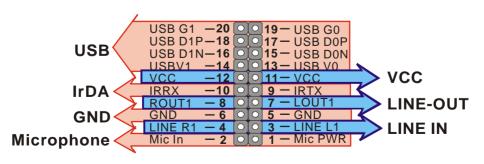


3-2.3.3 Front Panel Connections



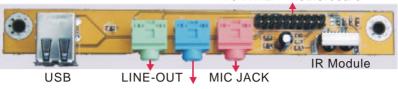
1. Front Panel Device: JP16

Plug the computer case's front panel board flat cable connector to this header. The header by out is as follows:





To 7IWL-T Motherboard



LINE-IN

(1). Universal Serial Bus USB1/USB2

This Motherboard provides two USB ports for your additional devices. Plug the USB device jack into the available USB connector USB1 or USB2.

- Standard device drivers come with the Win98 for commonly used USB devices.
- With Win95, use the flow UHCI specifications.

(2). Onboard Joystick port/audio

This Motherboard provides Joystick port and audio.

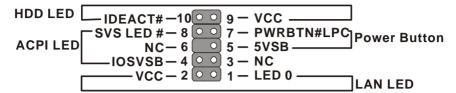
- Attach the joystick cable to the 15-pin JOYSTICK port at the rear panel of you motherboard.
- This Motherboard features three built-in audio-stereo ports (labeled line-in, line-out, and mic jack) convenient to directly plug-in all your external audio devices.

(3). IR Module

Your case has a build in IR transceiver, connected to the motherboard through this header. It supports both the ASKIR and HPSIR specifications.

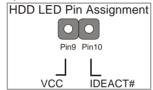


2. Power Button & Front Panel LED: JP15



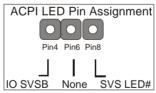
(1). IDE LED

Attach the 2-pin IDE device LED cable to the corresponding IDE LED header on the Motherboard. This will cause the LED to lighten when an IDE (HDD, CD-ROM) device is active.



(2). ACPI LED

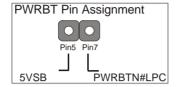
Connecting the 2-pin ACPI LED cable to the corresponding ACPI LED header will cause the LED to light whenever the system is in ACPI mode. The manufacturer has permanently set this Motherboard in ACPI mode due to most hardware and software compliance to ACPI mode.





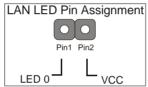
(3). ATX Power On/Off Switch

Attach the 2-pin momentary type switch to the PWRBT header for turning On or Off your ATX power supply.



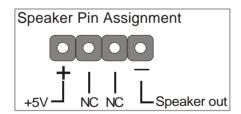
(4). LAN LED

Attach the 2-pin LAN LED connector to this header. The LED will light up when data is transfer over the network.



3. Speaker (JP10)

Attach the 4-pin PC speaker cable from the case to the Speaker header on the Motherboard.



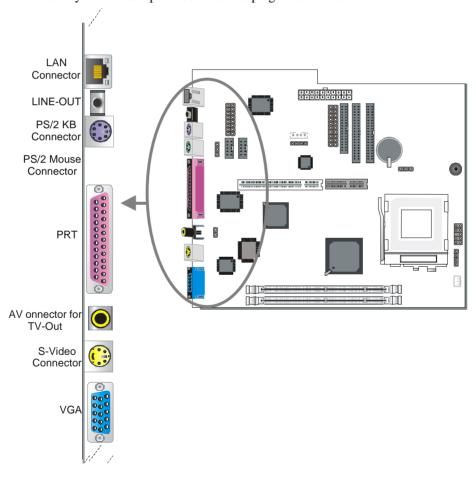


3-2.3.4 Back Panel Connections

All external devices such as the PS/2 keyboard, PS/2 mouse, printer, modem, USB can be plugged directly onto the Motherboard back panel.

Only after you have fixed and locked the Motherboard to the computer case can you start connecting the external peripheral devices.

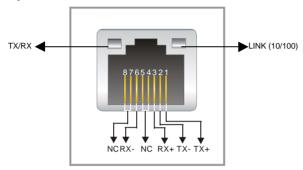
When connecting an external device, use the following figure to locate and identify which back panel connector to plug the device to.





1. LAN Connector

This is the network connector, supporting 10/100MHz transfer rates. Make sure to use the right quality of cable, 100MHz operation requires special cable, ask you dealer.

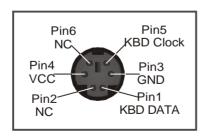


2. LINE-OUT

This is a stereo output to which external speakers can be connected. Make sure to use only Amplified speakers, otherwise the signal level will be too low.

3. PS/2 Keyboard

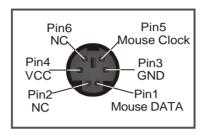
Plug the keyboard jack directly into the 6-pin female PS/2 keyboard connector located at the rear panel of the Motherboard.





4. PS/2 Mouse

Similarly, plug the mouse jack directly into the 6-pin female PS/2 mouse connector.

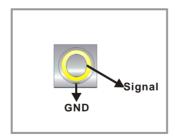


5. Parallel Port PRT

This parallel port is used to connect the printer or other parallel devices. Plug the parallel device cable into the 25-pin female connector located at the rear panel of the Motherboard.

6. AV connector for TV-OUT

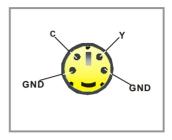
Connect your television antenna input to this connector. Make sure to first set the signal type to the proper value for you Television (NTSC/ PAL). Under windows this can be changed under display properties after the driver is installed.





7. S-Video

This output provides a S-Video signal for devices that support this standard.



8. VGA monitor connector

Plug the monitor cable into the 15-pin female VGA connector located at the real panel of the motherboard.

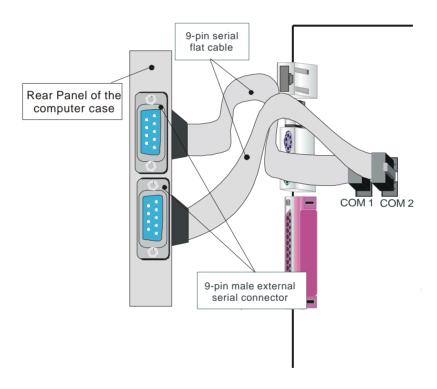


3-2.3.5 Other Connections

1. Serial Port COM 1 and COM2

This Motherboard provides two serial port connectors.

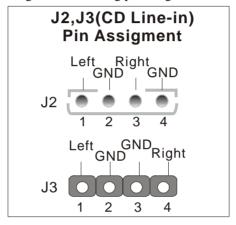
Plug the 9-pin end of the flat cable into the COM1/COM2 serial port header on the Motherboard, as shown in the figure below, then fix the connector to the rear panel of the computer case. Then plug your serial device cable directly into the 9-pin male connector located at the back of your computer.





2. CD Line-in (J2,J3)

This Motherboard provides two CD-Line in connectors. Please connect the 4-pin audio cable from your CD-ROM drive to either J2 or J3. (It fits in only one, depending on the cable that came with your CD-ROM drive) Please install according to the following pin assignment:





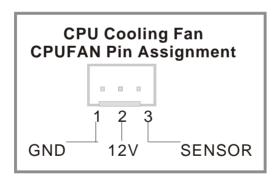
3. Cooling Fan Installation



(1) CPU Cooling Fan

After you have seated the CPU properly on the processor, attach the 3-pin fan cable to the CPUFAN connector on the Motherboard. The fan will stop when the system enters into Suspend Mode. (Suspend mode can be enabled from the BIOS Setup Utility, [Soyo Combo] menu.)

To avoid damage to the system, install according to the following pin assignment:





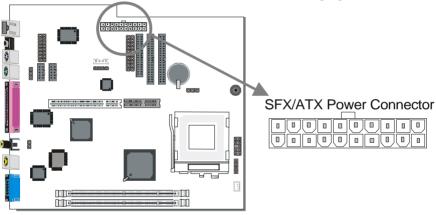
3-2.3.6 AGP VGA Card

This motherboard comes with integrated AGP subsystem therefore, AGP VGA card is not needed.

Other Display Cards: Insert other types of VGA cards into the PCI or ISA expansion slots according to card specifications.

3-2.3.7 SFX/ATX Power Supply

Plug the connector from the power directly into the 20-pin male SFX/ATX PW connector on the Motherboard, as shown in the following figure.





Warning: Follow these precautions to preserve your Motherboard from any remnant currents when connecting to power supply:

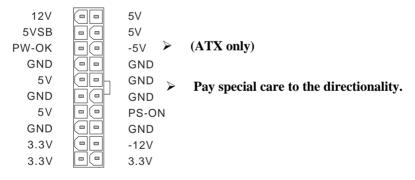


Turn off the power supply and unplug the power cord of the power supply before connecting to PW connector.

This motherboard requires a power supply, that meets the SFX 1.1 or ATX 2.03 specifications. Make sure the power supply can support at least 720mA on the 5V Standby lead.

Please install the SFX/ATX power according to the following pin assignment:

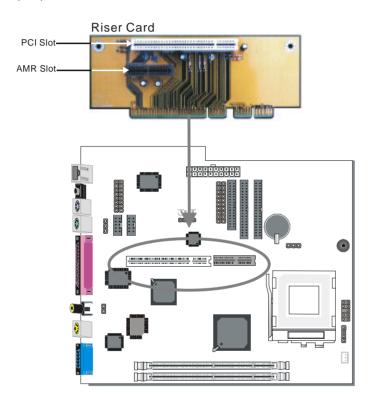
SFX/ATX Power





3-2.3.8 AMR (Audio Modem Riser) Connector

This motherboard supports AMR (Audio-Modem Riser) slot that facilitates audio or modem riser card expansion. Since AC97 audio codec is built-in down on the motherboard, only "Secondary" mode modem riser (MR) card can be used on the AMR slot.





3-2.4 Jumpers Setting

3-2.4.1 Enable/Disable Power-On by Keyboard (JP1)

You may choose to enable the Power-On through Keyboard function by shorting pin 1-2 on jumper JP1; or short pin 2-3 to disable this function.

Power-On by Keyboard	Enable	Disable
JP1 Setting	Short pin 1-2 to enable the Power-On by Keyboard function.	Short pin 2-3 and the Power-On by Keyboard function is disabled.

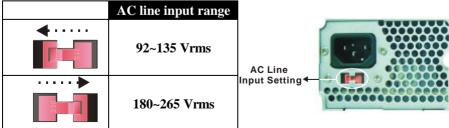
Important: When using the Power-On by Keyboard function, please make sure the power supply is able to provide at least 720mA on the 5V Standby lead (5VSB).

3-2.4.2 TV-Out signal format (JP8)

The TV-Out connector on your motherboard supports the two most important video signal formats. i.e., NTSC and PAL. Use JP8 to set the format used. NTSC is common in the United States, as where PAL is the European standard.

Video signal format	NTSC	PAL
JP8 Setting	open JP8	short JP8

3-2.4.3 AC line input setting







Make sure to set the AC line input appropriately based on the local electricity supply. Improper setting may cause the damage of the power supply or system.

3-2.5 CMOS Clearing (JP5)

After you have turned off your computer, clear the CMOS memory by momentarily shorting pins 2-3 on jumper JP5, for a few seconds. Then restore JP5 to the initial 1-2 jumper setting in order to recover and retain the default settings.

Jumper JP5 can be easily identified by its white colored cap.

CMOS Clearing	Clear CMOS Data		Retain CM	OS Data
JP5 Setting	Short pin 2-3 for at least 5 seconds to clear the CMOS		Short pin 1-2 to retain new settings	1 2 3

Note: You must unplug the ATX power cable from the ATX power connector when performing the CMOS Clear operation.

3-2.6 Power On

You have now completed the hardware installation of your Motherboard successfully.

- 1. Turn the power on
- 2. To enter the BIOS Setup Utility, press the key while the system is performing the diagnostic checks.



Note: If you have failed to enter the BIOS, wait until the boot up sequence is completed. Then push the RESET button and press key again at the beginning of boot-up, during diagnostic checks.



Repeat this operation until you get the following screen.

3. The BIOS Setup screen appears:

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software			
➤ Soyo Combo Feature	▶ PC Health Status		
▶ Standard CMOS Features	Load Optimized Defaults		
► Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail - Safe Defaults		
► Advanced Chipset Features	Set Supervisor Password		
▶ Integrated Peripherals	Set User Password		
▶ Power Management Setup	Save & Exit Setup		
▶ PnP/PCI Configurations	Exit Without Saving		
Esc : Quit $\uparrow \lor \rightarrow \leftarrow$: Select Item F10 : Save & Exit Setup			
Change CPU's Clock & Voltage			

3-2.7 Quick BIOS Setup

This Motherboard does not use any hardware jumpers to set the CPU frequency. Instead, CPU settings are software configurable with the BIOS [Soyo Combo Feature]. The [Soyo Combo Feature] menu combines the main parameters that you need to configure, all in one menu, for a quick setup in BIOS.

After the hardware installation is complete, turn the power switch on, then press the key during the system diagnostic checks to enter the Award BIOS Setup program. The CMOS SETUP UTILITY will display on screen. Follow these steps to configure the CPU settings.

SETUP UTILITY will display on screen. Then, follow these steps to configure the CPU settings.



Step 1. Select [STANDARD CMOS SETUP]

Set [Date/Time] and [Floppy drive type], then set [Hard Disk Type] to "Auto".

Step 2. Select [Load Optimized Defaults]

Select the "Load Optimized Defaults" menu and type "Y" at the prompt to load the BIOS optimal setup.

Step 3. Select [Soyo Combo Feature]

(a) CPU Host/PCI Clock

CPU Host / PCI Clock		Clock	The PCI clock frequency depends on
66/33	1 00/33		the CPU Host clock. (Fixed pairs in the
70/35	1 05/35		clock generator) see the table on the left side for all possible pairs.
75/37	1 14/38	1 50/37	
3 83/41	120/40		
90/30	124/41		
95/31	1 33/33		

(b) CPU Ratio

After you have selected the CPU Host/ PCI Clock, choose the right multiplier for the CPU. CPU Ratio options are:

□ x 2	□ x 2.5	□ x 3	□ x 3.5	□ x 4
□ x 4.5	□ x 5	□ x 5.5	□ x 6	□ x 6.5
□ x 7	□ x 7.5	□ x 8		

The CPU frequency is then defined as [host clock freq.] x [multiplier], and should the working frequency of your CPUs processor.

Step 4. Select [Save & Exit Setup]

Press **<Enter>** to save the new configuration to the CMOS memory, and continue the boot sequence.



3-2.8 Troubleshooting at First Start

• What should I do if the Motherboard refuses to start?

- Check that all DIMM memory modules are inserted completely.
 Sometimes a DIMM that is not inserted properly can cause boot problems.
- 2. Check whether all Add-on cards have been inserted properly. Reinsert the Add-on cards to make sure that they make proper contact with the slots. Try removing all Add-on cards one by one to see whether or not one of them is causing problems. (Switch the system off before removing any of the cards.
- 3. Verify that speed settings are not exceeding specifications. This applies to the PCI bus, that is specified to run at 33 MHz. Also check the speed setting for the memory, make sure conservative setting is used. If the CPU is overclocked the system may not start up, read the section below.
- 4. Make sure that the Harddisk IDE cables are attached properly, if not the system will not boot. In case of doubt try reversing the IDE connector on one end of the cable.
- 5. Verify that the 110/220V switch on the back of the power supply is set correctly.
- 6. Go through the jumper setting section again to make sure that all jumpers are set correctly.



3-2.9 Power Off

There are two possible ways to turn off the system:

- 1. Use the **Shutdown** command in the **Start Menu** of Windows 95/98 to turn off your computer.
- Press the mechanical power-button and hold down for over 4 seconds, to shutdown the computer. If you press the power-button for less than 4 seconds, then your system will enter into Suspend Mode.

You are now ready to configure your system with the BIOS setup program. Go to *Chapter 4: BIOS SETUP*



Chapter 4

MOTHERBOARD'S BIOS SETUP UTILITY

This Motherboard's BIOS setup program uses the ROM PCI/ISA BIOS program from Award Software Inc.

To enter the Award BIOS program's Main Menu:

- 1. Turn on or reboot the system.
- 2. After the diagnostic checks, press the [Del] key to enter the Award BIOS Setup Utility.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software				
▶ Soyo Combo Feature	▶ PC Health Status			
➤ Standard CMOS Features	Load Optimized Defaults			
► Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail - Safe Defaults			
► Advanced Chipset Features	Set Supervisor Password			
▶ Integrated Peripherals	Set User Password			
▶ Power Management Setup	Save & Exit Setup			
▶ PnP/PCI Configurations	Exit Without Saving			
Esc : Quit $\uparrow \lor \rightarrow \leftarrow$: Select Item F10 : Save & Exit Setup				
Change CPU's Clock & Voltage				

Selecting items

- Use the arrow keys to move between items and select fields.
- From the Main Menu press arrow keys to enter the selected submenu. **Modifying selected items**
- Use the [Up]/[Down] keys to modify values within the selected fields. Some fields let you enter values directly.



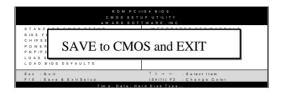
Hot Keys: Function keys give you access to a group of commands throughout the BIOS utility.

Function	Command	Description
F1	General Help	Gives the list of options available for each
1.1	General Ticip	item.
F5	Previous	Restore the old values. These are the values
F5	Values	that the user started the current session with.
F6	Load Fail-	Loads all items with the most conservative
ro	Safe Defaults	values.
	Load	
F7	Optimized	Loads all options with the optimize values.
Defaults		
F10	Save	Saves your changes and reboots the system.
[Trac]	Exit	Returns at anytime and from any location to
[Esc]	EXIL	the Main Menu.
[[Endow]	Calcat	Will display a overlapping window with all
[Enter] Select		options for the current item.
		Using the +, -, Page Up and Page Down
[+/-/PU/PD]	Value	keys the user can toggle the value of the
		current item.



SAVE AND EXIT SETUP

Select the [SAVE & EXIT SETUP] option from the Main Menu to save data to CMOS and exit the setup utility. This option saves all your changes and causes the system to reboot.



Type [Y] to save the changes and exit or [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.

EXIT WITHOUT SAVING

Selecting the [EXIT WITHOUT SAVING] option allows you to abandon all data and exit setup, therefore ignoring all your changes.



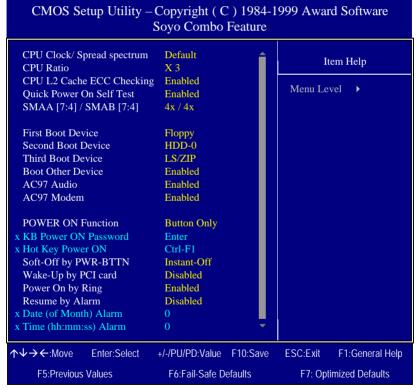
Type [Y] to abandon changes and exit or [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.



4-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP

This Motherboard does not use any hardware jumpers to set the CPU frequency. Instead, CPU settings are software configurable with the BIOS [SOYO COMBO SETUP].

After the hardware installation is complete, turn the power switch on, then press the key during the system diagnostic checks to enter the Award BIOS Setup program. The CMOS SETUP UTILITY will display on screen. Then, select the [SOYO COMBO SETUP] option from the main menu and press the <Enter> key.



The [SOYO COMBO SETUP] menu combines the main parameters that you need to configure, all in one menu, for a quick setup in BIOS.



4-1.1 Quick CPU Frequency Setup

Quick CPU	Setting		Description	Note
Frequency Setup			-	
CPU Clock/	Default	112 MHz/on	Select the host clock	•
Spread spectrum	66 MHz/off	117 MHz/on	Socket 370 processor among	
	66 MHz/on	124 MHz/off		
	75 MHz/off	133 MHz/off		-
	83 MHz/off	133 MHz/on	66 and 100 MHz l	
	95 MHz/off	138 MHz/off	clock frequencies	
	100 MHz/off	140 MHz/on	acceptable. However, the	
	100 MHz/on	150 MHz/off	system stability is	
			guaranteed for oth frequencies due to	
			*	
			limitations of this	chipset.
CPU Ratio	After you have selected the host clock, choose the right multiplier for the CPU. Options are: [3., 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5, 5.5,6,6.5,7.0,7.5,8.0]. The CPU frequency is then defined as [host clock freq.]x[multiplier], and should the working frequency of your Pentium®III, Pentium®II & Celeron TM processor.			5, efined as ing

4-1.2 L2 Cache Memory

	Setting	Description	Note
CPU L2 Cache ECC	Disabled		
Checking	Enabled	This option activates the CPU L2 cache ECC checking function.	Default
Quick Power On Self	Disabled		
Test	Enabled	Provides a fast POTS at boot-up.	Default



4-1.3 Memory Buffer Strength

	Setting		Description	Note
SMAA [7:4] /	4x / 4x			Default
SMAB [7:4]	4x / 4x	2x / 4x	This item sets the strength	
	4x / 3x	2x / 3x	of the buffer that drives the	
	4x / 2x	2x / 2x	address section of the	
	4x / 1x	2x / 1x	memory bus. Change the	
	3x/4x	1x / 4x	setting only if you are an	
	3x/3x	1x/3x	experienced user.	
	3x / 2x	1x / 2x		
	3x / 1x	1x / 1x		

4-1.4 System Boot Control Settings

System Boot Control Settings	Setting	Description	Note
First /Second/Third Boot Device	Floppy LS/ZIP HDD-0 SCSI CDROM HDD-1 HDD-2 HDD-3 LAN Disabled	Select Your Boot Device Priority	
Boot Other Device AC97 Audio/Modem	Disabled Enabled Disabled Auto	Select Your Boot Device Priority This item allows you to decide to enable/disable the 810 chipset family to	Default Default
		decide to enable/disable the	Def



4-1.5 Others Optional

	Setting	Description	Note		
		•			
POWER ON	Password	Enables you to wake-up the			
Function		system by entering a password at			
		the keyboard.			
	Hot KEY	You can wake-up the system by			
		pressing the key combination of			
	Mouse Left	your choice (Ctrl-F1~F12).			
		Enables waking up the system by pressing either the right or left			
	Mouse Right	mouse button.			
	BI ILLON ON	LY Disables the Wake-Up by	Default		
	BUTTON-ON	Keyboard function.	Deraun		
	Keyboard 98	Reyboard function.			
It IDOMED ON		ant to [Decement]			
		set to [Password]			
KB Power ON	Enter (your	Set the password that will wake-up y	our		
Password	password)	system.			
If [POWER ON	R ON Function] is set to [Hot Key]				
Hot Key Power	Ctrl-	Choose the key combination that will	l wake-		
ON	F1~F12	up the system. [Ctrl-F1 to Ctrl-F12]			
Soft-Off by	Instant-off		Default		
PWR-BTTN	Delay 4	Turns off the system power 4			
	Sec.	seconds after pushing the power			
		button.			
***	D: 11 1	IC 11 1 DOLL	D. C. 1		
Wake-Up by	Disabled	If enabled any PCI interrupt will	Default		
PCI card	En ablad	wake up the system.			
	Enabled				
Power On by	Disabled				
Ring	Enabled	The system will self-power on me	Default		
		when the modem is ringing.			
Resume by	Disabled	The system ignores the alarm.	Default		
Alarm	Enabled	Set alarm to power on the system by			
		the date (1-31) or time (hh:mm:ss).			
		If the date is set to [0], the system			
		will self-power on by alarm			
		everyday at the set time.			



4-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

Select the [STANDARD CMOS SETUP] option from the Main Menu and press [Enter] key.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software Standard CMOS Features					
Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss)	Fri, Jan 1 1999 1 : 22 : 12	Item Help			
 IDE Primary Master IDE Primary Slave IDE Secondary Master IDE Secondary Slave 	Press Enter None Press Enter None Press Enter None Press Enter None	Menu Level ▶			
Drive A Drive B Floppy 3 Mode Support	1.44M, 3.5 in. None Disabled				
Video Halt On	EGA/VGA All Errors				
Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	640K 30720K 31744K				
↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC:Exit F1:General Help F7: Optimized Defaults			

This screen allows you to modify the basic CMOS settings.

After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] key to return to the Main Menu.

4-2.1 Date & Time

	Display	Setting	Please Note
Date	mm/dd/yyyy	Type the current date	You can also the
			PUp/PDn keys to toggle
Time	hh:mm:ss	Type the current time	24-hour clock format
		• •	3:15 PM is displayed as
			15:15:00



4-2.2 Hard Disks Type & Mode

Choose the type and mode for the hard disks that you have already installed.

Primary	Setting	Description	Note
(Secondary)			
Master & Slave			
IDE HDD Auto-	Press	To auto-detect the HDD's size,	
Detection	Enter	headon this channel	
IDE Primary	Auto	BIOS detects hard disk type	Default
Slave		automatically.	
(User Type)	User	User defines the type of hard disk.	
	None		
Access Mode	Auto	BIOS detects hard disk mode	Default
		automatically.	
	Normal	Normal IDE hard disk	<528MB
	LBA	Enhanced IDE hard disk	>528MB
	Large	Large IDE hard disk (for certain	
		hard disk)	



Note: If you have any questions on your hard disk type or mode, ask your hard disk provider or previous user for details.

4-2.3 Floppy Drives

Floppy Drives	Setting	Description	Note
Drives A & B	360KB, 5.25 in.		
	1.2MB, 5.25 in.		
	720KB, 3.5 in.		
	1.44MB, 3.5 in.		Default
	2.88MB, 3.5 in.		
	None	Not installed	
Floppy 3-Mode	Disabled		Default
Support	Drive A	Supports 3-mode	Special disk drive
	Drive B	floppy diskette:	commonly used in
	Both	740KB/1.2MB/	Japan
	Both	1.44MB on selected	
		disk drive.	



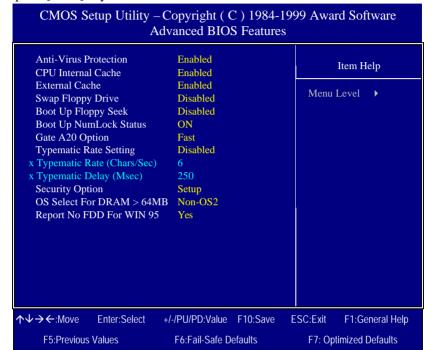
4-2.4 Others Optional

	Setting	Description	Note
Video	EGA/VGA	Select the video mode.	Default
, 1000	CGA 40	. 20000 0.00 11000 111000	2 014441
	CGA 80		
	MONO		
	(Monochrome)		
Halt On	ALL Errors	When the BIOS detects system	Default
	No Errors	errors, this function will stop the	
	All, But Keyboard	system. Select which type of	
	All, But Diskette	error will cause the system halt.	
	All, But Disk/Key		



4-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES

Select the [Advanced BIOS Features] option from the Main Menu and press [Enter] key.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] key and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.



4-3.1 Virus Warning

	Setting	Description	Note
Anti - Virus	Disabled	If set to enabled, the Paragon	
Protection	Enabled	Anti-Virus. Function will scan your boot drive for boot virusses. If a boot virus is detected, the BIOS will display a warning message.	Default

4-3.2 Cache Memory Options

· ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·-				
	Setting	Description	Note	
CPU Internal Cache	Disabled			
	Enabled	Enables the CPU's internal cache.	Default	
External Cache	Disabled			
	Enabled	Enables the external	Default	
		memory.		

4-3.3 Floppy Driver Settings

	Setting	Description	Note
Swap Floppy	Disabled		Default
Drive	Enabled	Changes the sequence of A and B drives.	

4-3.4 Boot Up Floppy Seek

	Setting	Description	Note
Boot Up Floppy Seek	Disabled	Seeks disk drives during boot up. Disabling speeds boot up.	Default
	Enabled		



4-3.5 Boot Up NumLock Status

	Setting	Description	Note
Boot Up	On	Puts numeric keypad in	Default
NumLock		NumLock mode at boot-up.	
Status	Off	Puts numeric keypad in arrow key	
		mode at boot-up.	

4-3.6 Gate A20 Options

	Setting	Description	Note
Gate A20	Normal	Lets chipset control GateA20.	
Options	Fast	A pin in the keyboard controller	Default
		controls GateA20.	

4-3.7 Typematic Settings

Typematic Settings	Setting	Description	Note
Typematic Settings	betting	Description	11010
Typematic Rate Setting	Disabled	Keystrokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard.	Default
	Enabled	When enables, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected.	
The following [Typema only if [Typematic Rate		Typematic Delay] fields are to [Enabled]	active
Typematic Rate	6 (Char/sec) 8 (Char/sec) 10 (Char/sec) 12 (Char/sec) 15 (Char/sec) 20 (Char/sec) 24 (Char/sec) 30 (Char/sec)	Choose the rate at which a character is repeated when holding down a key.	
Typematic Delay	250 (msec) 500 (msec) 750 (msec) 1000 (msec)	Choose how long after you press a key down the character begins repeating.	Default



4-3.8 Security Option

Use this feature to prevent unauthorized system boot-up or use of BIOS Setup. The following table describes the security settings.

	Setting	Description
Security Option	System	Each time the system is booted, the
		password prompt appears.
	Setup	If a password is set, the password prompt
	_	only appears when you attempt to enter the
		BIOS Setup program.

Other Control Options

Other Control Options	Setting	Description	Note
OS Select for DRAM>64MB	OS2	When using an OS2 operating system.	
	Non-OS2	When using another, non-OS2 operating system.	Default
Report No FDD For WIN 95	Yes	Windows will release IRQ line 6 (normally used by the Floppy Disk Drive) after you disable your on-board FDD and set this field to [Yes].	Default
	No	Windows will reserve INT 6 for your FDD, whether it is disabled or not.	

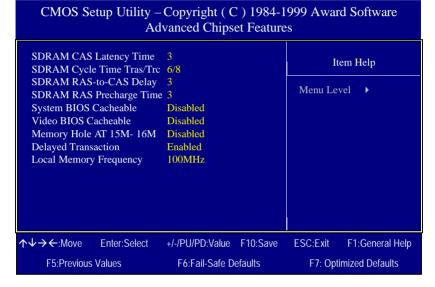


4-4 ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES



Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [Advanced Chipset Features] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving. The following table describes each field in the Advanced Chipset Features Menu and how to configure each parameter.



CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

CHIPSET FEATURES	Setting	Description	Note
SDRAM CAS Latency Time	2 3	Use the default setting	Default
SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc	5/7 6/8	Use the default setting	Default
SDRAM RAS- to-CAS Delay	3 2	Use the default setting	Default
System BIOS Cacheable	Disabled Enabled	The ROM area F0000H-FFFFFH is cacheable.	Default
Video BIOS Cacheable	Disabled Enabled	The video BIOS C0000H-C7FFFH is cacheable.	Default
Memory Hole At 15M-16M	Disabled Enabled	Some interface cards will map their ROM address to this area. If this occurs, select [Enabled] in this field.	Default
Delayed Transaction	Enabled	Use the default setting	Default
Local Memory Frequency	100MHz 133MHz	This item allows the user to set the frequency the memory runs at. If this item is set to 100MHz, make sure to use PC-100 compliant DIMM modules. If this item is set to 133Mhz, PC-133 compliant modules have to be used. Setting this item to a higher frequency than is supported by your SDRAM DIMM modules may lead to system crashes. Note: Only the 810E chipset supports this Feature.	



4-5 INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS



Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.

The following screen shows setup default settings.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software **Integrated Peripherals On-Chip Primary PCLIDE** Enabled Item Help On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE Enabled IDE Primary Master PIO Auto Menu Level IDE Primary Slave PIO Auto IDE Secondary Master PIO Auto IDE Secondary Slave PIO Auto IDE Primary Master UDMA Auto IDE Primary Slave UDMA Auto IDE Secondary Master UDMA Auto IDE Secondary Slave UDMA Auto USB Controller Enabled USB Keyboard Support Disabled Init Display First PCI Slot IDE HDD Block Mode Enabled Onboard FDC Controller Enabled Onboard Serial Port 1 3F8/IRO4 Onboard Serial Port 2 2F8/IRO3 **UART Mode Select** Normal x RxD, TxD Active Hi. Lo x IR Transmittiion delay Enabled Onboard Parallel Port 378/IRO7 Parallel Port Mode **SPP** x EPP Mode Select **EPP1.7** x ECP Mode Use DMA PWRON After PWR-Fail Off Game Port Address 201 Midi Port Address Disabled x Midi Port IRO $\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save **ESC:Exit** F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults



The following tables describe each field in the INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS Menu and provide instructions on how to configure the IDE controls, FDC controls, and the onboard serial and parallel ports.

4-5.1 IDE Device Controls

IDE Controls	Setting	Description	Note
On-Chip PCI IDE ➤ Primary	Disabled	Turn off the on-board IDE	
> Secondary	Enabled	Use the on-board IDE	Default
IDE > Primary Master PIO > Primary Slave PIO	mode 0-4	0 is the slowest speed 4 is the fastest speed For better performance	Default
 ➢ Secondary Master PIO ➢ Secondary Slave PIO 	Auto	For better performance and stability, we suggest you use the Auto setting to set the HDD control timing.	Default
IDE	Disabled		
>Primary Master UDMA >Primary Slave UDMA >Secondary Master UDMA >Secondary Slave UDMA	Auto	Select Auto to enable Ultra DMA Mode support.	Default

4-5.2 Keyboard Controls

Keyboard Controls	Setting	Description	Note
USB Controller	Disabled		
	Enabled	Select <i>Enabled</i> if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have USB peripherals.	Default
TICD Vanhaand	Disablad	Turn off the on board IDE	Default
USB Keyboard	Disabled	Turn off the on-board IDE	Deraun
Support	Enabled	Use a USB keyboard	
Init Display First	PCI Slot	Choose which card – AGP	Default
	AGP	Display card or PCI VGA card –	
		to initialize first.	



4-5.3 IDE HDD Block Mode

	Setting	Description	Note
IDE HDD Block Mode	Disabled		
IDE HDD Block Wlode	Disabled		
	Enabled	Invokes multi-sector	Default
		transfer instead of one	
		sector per transfer. Not	
		all HDDs support this	
		function.	

4-5.4 FDC Controls

FDC Controls	Setting	Description	Note
Onboard FDC	Disabled	Turn off the on-board	
controller		floppy controller	
	Enabled	Use the on-board floppy	Default
		controller	

4-5.5 Onboard Serial Ports

Onboard Serial	Setting	Description	Note
Ports			
0.11	D: 11 1		
Onboard	Disabled		
Serial Port 1 / Serial	3F8/IRQ4	Choose serial port 1 &	Default
Port 2		2's I/O address.	(port 1)
	2F8/IRQ3	Do not set port 1 & 2 to	Default
		the same address except	(port 2)
	3E8/IRQ4	for Disabled or Auto.	
	2E8/IRQ3		
	Auto		
TARENT LOLA	NT 1	771 1 1 1	D C 1
UART Mode Select	Normal	The second serial port	Default
	IrDA	offers these InfraRed	
	ASKIR	interface modes.	
If [UART Mode Select	t] is set to [IrDA]	/[ASKIR]	
RxD, TxD Active	Hi, Hi, Lo, Lo,	This item allows you to	
	Lo, Hi, Hi, Lo	determine the active of	
		RxD, TxD.	
IR Transmittiion	Disabled		
delay	Enabled	Some IR devices need	Default
		this item enabled.	



4-5.6 Onboard Parallel Ports

Onboard Parallel Ports	Setting	Description	Note
Onboard Parallel	Disabled	Choose the printer I/O	
Port	378/IRQ7	address.	Default
	3BC/IRQ7		
	278/IRQ5		
Parallel Port Mode	SPP	The mode depends on your	Default
	EPP	external device that	
	ECP	connects to this port.	
	ECP+EPP		
If [Parallel Port Mode] is	s set to [ECP] mo	ode	
ECP Mode use	3	Choose DMA3	Default
DMA	1	Choose DMA1	
If [Parallel Port Model is	If [Parallel Port Mode] is set to [EPP] mode		
EPP Mode Select	EPP 1.9	Select EPP port type 1.9	
	EPP 1.7	Select EPP port type 1.7	Default

4-5.7 Others Optional

	Setting	Description	Note
PWRON After PWR-Fail	On	The system will switch on when power comes back after a power failure.	
	Off	The system will remain off when power comes back after a power failure.	Default
	Former-Sts	The system will return to the state it was in before the power failure when power returns. (i.e: If the system was on, it will switch on again, if it was off, it will remain off)	
Game Port Address	Disabled 201 209	Set the I/O base address for the ON board game port under this item.	Default

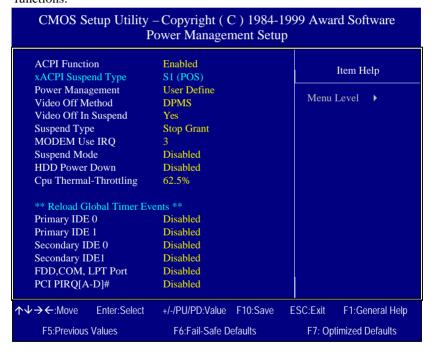


Others Optional

	Setting	Description	Note
Midi Port Address	Disabled	Set the I/O address for the	Default
	330	on board Midi port here.	
	300		
If [Midi Port Address] is	set to [330]/[30	Ol mode	
Midi Port IRQ	5	Select the IRQ that the	
	10	Midi port uses under this	Default
		them.	

4-6 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

The [POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP] sets the system's power saving functions.



After you have completed the Power Management Setup, press [Esc] to return to the Main Menu.



4-6.1 Power Management Controls

Power Management Controls	Setting	Description			Note
ACPI function	Disabled				
	Enabled	ACPI (Advanced Configuration Power Management Interface)			Default
ACPI Suspend Type	S1 (POS)	The system will enter the S1 state during suspend. (Low latency wake up)			
Power Management	User Define		define the ower dowr	HDD and times.	Default
		Doze timer	Standby timer	Suspend timer	HDD power down
	Min Saving	1 Hour	1 Hour	1 Hour	15 Min
	Max Saving	1 Min	1 Min	1 Min	1 Min
Video Off Method	V/H Sync+Blank Blank screen DPMS	Selects the method by which the monitor is blanked.			Default
Video Off In Suspend	Yes No	This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.			Default
Suspend Type	Stop Grant	The system can wake up through external events.			Default
	PwrOn Suspend	The system can only wake up through the Power-Button.			
MODEM Use	3	Assigns an IRQ# to the modem device.			Default
IRQ	3-11, NA				
Standby Mode	Disable				Default
	1Min-1Hour	When the set time has elapsed, BIOS sends a command to the system to enter Standby Mode.			



Power Management Controls (Continued)

Power	Setting	Description	Note
	Setting	Description	Note
Management			
Controls			
HDD Power	Disabled		Default
Down	1-15Min	When the set time has	Some older model
		elapsed, BIOS sends a	HDDs may not
		command to the HDD to	support this
			advanced function.
		power down. This turns off	uavaneca ranction.
		the HDD motor.	
CPU Thermal-	87.5%	This item sets the proportion	
Throttling	75.0%	of the original clock	
	62.5%	frequency to which the CPU	Default
	50.0%	will slow do in suspend	
	37.5%	mode.	
	25.0%		

4-6.2 Reload Global Timer Events

Power Down & Resume Events	Setting	Description	Note
IDE0, IDE1	Disabled		Default
> Primary > Secondary	Enabled	Enables the PM timers when [No Activity Event] is detected.	
FDD, COM,	Disabled		Default
LPT Port	Enabled	Enables the PM timers when [No Activity Event] is detected.	
PCI PIRQ [A-	Disabled		
D]#	Enabled	The system monitors these elements for activity. The system will resume if [IRQ activity] is detected.	Default



4-7 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP

This option sets the Motherboard's PCI Slots.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software PnP/PCI Configurations PNP OS Installed No Item Help Reset Configuration Data Disabled Menu Level Resources Controlled By Auto (ESCD) x IRO Resources Press Enter PCI/VGA Palette Snoop Disabled Assign IRQ For USB Enabled Slot1 IRQ Assignment Auto $\wedge \vee \rightarrow \leftarrow$:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults



Note: Starred (*) items will disappear when the [Resources Controlled By] option is set to [Auto].

After you have completed the PCI Slot Configuration, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.



4-7.1 PNP/PCI Configuration Controls

PNP/PCI Controls	Setting	Description		Note	
PnP OS Installed	Yes	are	Set this field to [Yes] if you are running Windows 95, which is PnP compatible.		
	No	doe	he OS you are running es not support PnP figuration.		Default (If there is any doubt, set this field to [No])
Reset Configuration	Disabled		tain PnP configuration a in BIOS.		Default
Data	Enabled		set PnP configuration da BIOS.	ta	
Resources Controlled By	Manual	Manual BIOS does not manage PCI/ISA PnP card IRQ assignment. Requires to assign IRQ-# and DMA-# to PCI or SA PnP manually. RQ-3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 assigned to:			
	ISA PnP n IRQ-3,4,5,				
	Auto (ESCO)	The Plug-and-Play BIOS auto manages PCI/ISA PnP card IRQ assignment automatically.			Recommended
If [Resources Co	If [Resources Controlled By] is set to [Manual]				
IRQ-# and DMA-# assigned to:	DMA-# assigned to 11,12,14,15			Q-3,4,5,7,9,10, ,12,14,15 MA-0,1,3,5,6,7	
	Legacy ISA	DMA-# assigned to 11		Q-3,4,5,7,9,10, ,12,14,15	
Under this item the	licor con occ	ion	an IRO to a PCI slot How		MA-0,1,3,5,6,7

Under this item the user can assign an IRQ to a PCI slot. However, there under some conditions the IRQ will not be assigned as selected under this item:

- 1. IRQs 0, 1, 2, 6, 8, 13 can NOT be assigned, because they are fixed.
- 2. IRQs 5, 9, 10, 11 are available
- 3. IRQs 3,4,7,12,14 and 15 will only be assigned if they are free. See the table below on how to free them:



PNP/PCI Configuration Setup (Continued)

PNP/PC	PNP/PCI Setting Description Note				
Setup	· -	Setting	200		
Interrupt	How t	o set the BIC	S to rel	ease the IRQ to the PnP I	Interrupt pool:
Line	PnP / I	PCI configur	ation	Integrated Peripherals	
IRQ 15	IRQ 1	5: PCI/IS	A PnP	On-Chip Secondary PC	I IDE: disabled
IRQ 14	IRQ 1	4: PCI / IS	A PnP	On-Chip Primary PCI II	DE: disabled
				Interrupt 12 will be rele	ased by the PnP
IRQ 12	IRQ 1	2: PCI / IS	A PnP	BIOS automatically if th	ne PS/2 Mouse Port
				is not used.	
IRQ 7	IRQ 7	PCI / IS	A PnP	Onboard parallel port:	disabled
IRQ 4	IRQ 4	PCI / IS	A PnP	Onboard Serial port 1:	disabled
IRQ 3	IRQ 3	PCI / IS	A PnP	Onboard Serial port 2:	disabled
				errupt to a PCI slot after	BIOS passes control
to the	OS, es _j	beciany if yo	u use w	indows 95, 98 or NT.	
Assign I	RQ	Disabled	BIOS v	will assgin IRQ for	
For USI	_		USB p	~	
		Enabled	BIOS v	won't assign IRQ for	Default
			USB p	ort.	
5. Your OS may reassign another interrupt to a PCI slot after BIOS passes control					
to the OS, especially if you use Windows 95, 98 or NT.					
Slot 1 U	se	Auto	Set to Auto the BIOS will Default		
IRO NO).		using IRQs Automatically.		

4-7.2 MULTI I/O ADDRESSES

Default settings for multi-I/O addresses are as follows:

Port	I/O Address	IRQ	Status
LPT1	378H	7	ECP/EPP
COM1	3F8H	4	
COM2	2F8H	3	



Warning: If a default I/O address conflicts with other I/O cards such as sound card, you must change one of the I/O addresses to remedy to this address conflict. (I/O addresses can be adjusted from the BIOS Setup Utility)



4-8 PC HEALTH STATUS

This option sets the Motherboard's PC Health Status.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software PC Health Status

CPU Warning Temperature Current System Temp. Current CPU Dio Temperatu Current CPUFAN Speed Vcore VTT 3.3V + 5V +12V VBAT (V) 5VSB (V)	Disabled 25 ° C / 77 ° F re 40 ° C / 104 ° F 5192 RPM 2.04 V 1.50 V 3.31 V 5.02 V 12.03 V 3.07 V 5.45 V	Item Ho	elp •
↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD:Value F1	::Exit F1:Ge F7: Optimized D	neral Help Defaults



Note: Starred (*) items will disappear when the [Resources Controlled By] option is set to [Auto].



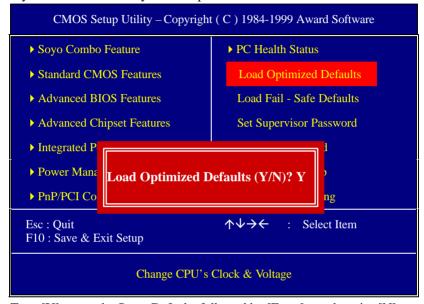
4-8.1 CPU Device Monitoring

	4-8.1 CPU Device Monitoring					
CPU Device	Setting	Description	Note			
Monitoring						
CPU Warning	Disabled		Default			
Temperature	50°C/122°F	Set CPU temperature from 50°C				
	53°C/127°F	to 70°C. The CPU will slow				
	56°C/132°F	down when CPU temperature				
	60°C/140°F	goes beyond the preset value.				
	63°C/145°F	The CPU will continue to run				
	66°C/150°F	slow until the temperature				
	70°C/158°F	returns back within the safe				
	75°C/167°F	range.				
	80°C/176°F					
	85°C/185°F					
	90°C/194°F					
	95°C/203°F					
	100°C/212°F					
	110°C/230°F					
	120°C/248°F					
	120 0/240 1					
Current System	°C/°F	Show the current status of the				
Temp.	C/°F	system temperature.				
Current CPU		Show the current status of CPU				
Dio	°C/°F	temperature.				
Temperature						
Current		Show the current status of CPU				
CPUFAN Speed	°C/°F	Fan				
or or my speed						
Vcore, VTT,		Show the current voltage status.				
3.3V, +5V,	v					
+12V, VBAT,	v					
5VSB						



4-9 LOAD OPTIMIZED DEFAULTS

Select the [Load Optimized Defaults] option from the Main Menu to load the system values you have previously saved. This option is recommended if you need to reset the system setup and to retrieve the old values.



Type [Y] to use the Setup Defaults followed by [Enter] or otherwise [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.

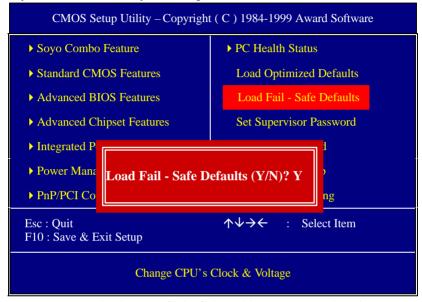


Warning: If you run into any problem after changing the BIOS configuration, please load the SETUP DEFAULTS for stable performance.



4-10 LOAD FAIL-SAFE DEFAULTS

Select the [Load Fail-Safe Defaults] option from the Main Menu to load the system values you have previously saved. This option is recommended if you need to reset the system setup and to retrieve the old values.



Type [Y] to use the Setup Defaults followed by [Enter] or otherwise [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.



Warning: If you run into any problem after changing the BIOS configuration, please load the SETUP DEFAULTS for stable performance.



4-11 SUPERVISOR PASSWORD

Based on the setting you have made in the [Security Option] of the [BIOS FEATURES SETUP] section, the password prevents access to the system or the setup program by unauthorized users. Follow this procedure to set a new password or disable the password:

- 1. Choose [BIOS FEATURES SETUP] in the Main Menu and press [Enter]. Select the [Security Options] item and set the field to:
 - a. [System]: The password is required every time the system is booted. This means only a person who knows the password can use this computer.
 - b. [Setup]: The password is required only when you attempt to enter the BIOS Setup program.
- 2. Choose [SUPERVISOR PASSWORD] from the Main Menu and press [Enter]. The following prompt appear:

Enter Password:



Warning: If you forget or lose the password, the only way to access the system is to set jumper JP5 to clear the CMOS RAM. All setup information is lost and you must run the BIOS setup program again.



Note: If you do not wish to use the password function, press [Enter] directly and the following message appears:

Password Disabled!!

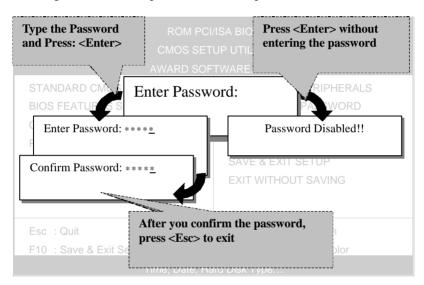


3. Enter your new password and press [Enter]. The following message appears, prompting to confirm the new password:

Confirm Password:

4. Re-enter your password and then press [Enter] to exit to the Main Menu.

This diagram outlines the password selection procedure:



4-12 USER PASSWORD

When the user password option is on, you are not allowed to change any setting in the [CMOS SETUP UTILITY] except for changing the user's password.

The password setting procedure is similar to that for the [SUPERVISOR PASSWORD] (Refer to section 3-9).



4-13 IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

This Main Menu function automatically detects the hard disk type and configures the [Standard CMOS Features] accordingly.

CMOS Setup Utility -	-Copyright (C) 1984-199 IDE Primary Master	99 Award Software
IDE HDD Auto-Detection	Press Enter	Item Help
IDE Primary Master	Auto	Menu Level ▶
Capacity Access Mode Cylinder Head Precomp Landing Zone Sector	0 MB Auto 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save E	SC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults



Note: This function is only valid for IDE type of hard disk drives.

Chapter 5

THE SOYO CD

Your SY-7IWL-T Motherboard comes with a CD-ROM labeled "SOYO CD." The SOYO CD contains (1) the user's manual file for your new Motherboard, (2) the drivers software available for installation, and (3) a database in HTML format with information on SOYO Motherboards and other products.

Step 1. Insert the SOYO CD into the CD-ROM drive The SOYO CD will auto-run, and the SOYO CD Start Up Menu will be shown as below.



(SOYO CD Start Up Program Menu)

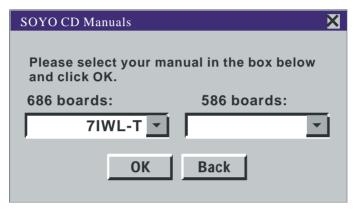
If you use Windows 95/98, the SOYO CD Start Up Program automatically detects which SOYO Motherboard you own and displays the corresponding model name.

Drivers installation LI-7000

Step 2. Read SOYO [7IWL-T] Manual

Click the *Read Manual* button to open the user's manual file of your Motherboard.

Please note that if the Start Up program was unable to determine which SOYO Motherboard you own, the manual selection menu will pop up, as shown below. Then select the user's manual file that corresponds to your Motherboard model name and click *OK*.



(Manual Selection Menu)

The user's manual files included on the SOYO CD can be read in PDF (Postscript Document) format. In order to read a PDF file, the appropriate Acrobat Reader software must be installed in your system.

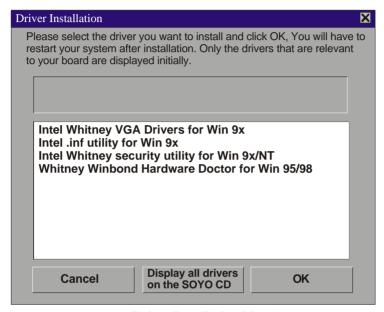
Note: The Start Up program automatically detects if the Acrobat Reader utility is already present in your system, and otherwise prompts you on whether or not you want to install it. You must install the Acrobat Reader utility to be able to read the user's manual file. Follow the instructions on your screen during installation, then once the installation is completed, restart your system and re-run the SOYO CD.

Step 3. Install Drivers

Click the *Install Drivers* button to display the list of drivers software that can be installed with your Motherboard. The Start Up program displays the drivers available for the particular model of Motherboard you own. We recommend that you only install those drivers.

However, to display the list of all drivers software available with SOYO Motherboards, click the *Display all drivers on the SOYO CD* button.

Please make sure to install only the drivers adapted to your system, or otherwise this cause system malfunctions.



(Driver Installation Menu)

A short description of all available drivers follows:

> INTEL Whitney VGA Drivers for Win 9x

In order to be able to make use of the integrated VGA function in your Whitney chipset, you will need to install this driver first. For Windows 95/98 only.

INTEL Whitney .inf utility for Win 9x

Windows 95 and 98 will not recognize the new INTEL Whitney chipset properly. To update the necessary .inf files that will help Windows recognize the Whitney chipset, please run this utility.

> INTEL Whitney security utility for Win 9x/NT

This utility makes use of the random number generator in the FWH of your 810/820 chipset. for Win 95/98/NT.

Whitney Winbond hardware Doctor for Win 95/98

Your motherboard comes with a hardware monitoring IC. By installing this utility Temperature, Fan speed and Voltages can be monitored. It is also possible to set alarms when current system values exceed or fall below pre-set values.

Select which driver you want to install and click **OK**, or click **Cancel** to abort the driver installation and return to the main menu.

Note: Once you have selected a driver, the system will automatically exit the SOYO CD to begin the driver installation program. When the installation is complete, most drivers require to restart your system before they can become active.

Step 4. Check the Latest Releases

Click the 'Check the latest Releases' button to go the SOYO Website to automatically find the latest BIOS, manual and driver releases for your motherboard. This button will only work if your computer is connected to the internet through a network or modem connection. Make sure to get your modem connection up before clicking this button.

Step 5. Enter the SOYO CD

Click the *Enter SOYO CD* button to enter the SOYO HTML database. The Start Up program will activate the default HTML browser installed on your system (for example, Internet Explorer or Netscape) to visualize the contents of the SOYO CD.

The SOYO CD contains useful information about your Motherboard and other SOYO products available. For your convenience, this information is available in HTML format, similar to the format widely used on the Internet

Drivers installation LI-7000



Note: If no HTML browser is installed on your system, the Start Up program will prompt you on whether or not you would like to install the Internet Explorer* browser. Click YES to install the HTML browser. After the installation is complete, please restart your system. Then re-run the SOYO CD and you will be able to browse the SOYO HTML database.

(* Internet Explorer is a Microsoft Trademark)



Chapter 6

SIGMATEL AUDIO DRIVER INSTALLATION

Installing the Sigmatel Audio Drivers under windows 9x

- 1. Open Device Manager.
- 2. PCI Multimedia Device will have a yellow marker the first time the operating system is installed.
- 3. Select "Properties" on the yellow marker.
- 4. Select the "Driver" tab.
- 5. Click on "Update Driver"
- Select the following directory:
 D:\driv-all\sigmatel\win95 or D:\driv-all\sigmatel\win98se
 and click OK. You will need the Windows 95 OSR 2 or windows 98
 Second Edition to complete the WDM installation.
- After informing windows of the driver directory the driver will be installed. Restart your system after installation.

Uninstalling/Re-Installing Sigmatel Audio Drivers

- 1. Open Device Manager.
- Remove the Sigmatel Audio Codec entry in the Sound, Video, and GameControllers section. Do not change the game controller in this audio solution.
- 3. Delete the sigmatel INF file in c:\windows\inf\other
- 4. Restart your PC for Plug and Play to reinitialize your system.

Installing the Sigmatel Audio Drivers for Windows NT

- Double click the MULTIMEDIA icon in the control panel. The Multimedia Properties windows will appear. Click on the Devices tab and press the Add button.
- 2. Select "Unlisted or Updated Drivers" from the list of drivers in the Add



window by placing the mouse pointer over it and clicking the left mouse button. Press the OK button.

- 3. The Install Driver dialog box will appear and request the path of the location of the drivers to be installed. Enter D:\driv-all\sigmatel\WinNT40 (where D: is your CDROM drive) If the installation fails, first copy all the files in the above directory to your harddisk and give that directory to NT.
- 4. Windows NT will display a dialog box asking you to restart your system.

Press the Restart Now button to complete the installation.

Uninstalling or Updating the Sigmatel Audio Drivers

- 1. Double click on the MULTIMEDIA icon in the control panel. Select the Devices tab from the Multimedia properties window.
- Double click on the Audio Devices entry from the Multimedia devices list. Select the driver by placing the mouse pointer over the sigmatel driver label and clicking the left mouse button.
- 3. Press the REMOVE button.
- 4. A question box will appear to verify your decision. Press the YES button.
- WindowsNT will dislplay a dialog box asking you to restart your system. Press the Restart Now button to complete the Un-installation.

SynthCore Lite Application for Windows NT 4.0

The CD also contains a SynthCore Lite application program, it can be installed by running win-wave.exe in the D:\drive-all\sigmatel\win-wave directory. (Were D is your CD-ROM drive letter).

Note that the NT4 installation requires a manual step at the end of the installation. This step apllies to NT4 only. (NT4 Service Pack 4 has to be installed, Service Pack 4 includes DirectSound 3)



- 1) After you run the normal installer, DO NOT reboot your system yet.
- 2) Go to Start > Settings > Control Panel > Multi Media
- 3) Select the "Devices" tab
- 4) Select the "Add" Button
- 5) Select "Unlisted or Undated Driver"
- 6) Browse to c:\Program Files\Staccato\SynthCore Lite\oemsetup.inf and select this file.
- 7) Now look under the MIDI Devices tab, you should see the Staccato MIDI driver.
- 8) Reboot your machine.

This finishes the installation process.



Chapter 7

REALTEK LAN DRIVER INSTALLATION

Installing the Realtek LAN Drivers under windows 9x

- 1. Open Device Manager.
- 2. Under Network Adapters there will be a yellow marker the first time the operating system is installed.
- Select the line with the yellow marker and press the "properties" button
- 4. Select the "Driver" tab.
- 5. Click on "Update Driver"
- 6. Select the following directory:
- D:\driv-all\realtek\W95osr2 or D:\driv-all\realtek\win98 and click OK. You will need the Windows 95 OSR 2 or windows 98

Second Edition to

complete the installation.

8. After informing windows of the driver directory the driver will be installed. Restart your system after installation.

Uninstalling/Re-Installing Realtek LAN Drivers

- 1. Open Device Manager.
- 2. Remove the Realtek LAN entry in the Network Adapter section.
- 3. Restart your PC to allow Plug and Play to reinitialize your system.

Installing the Realtek LAN Drivers for Windows NT

- Double click the Network icon in the control panel. The Network
 Properties windows will appear. Click on the Devices tab and press
 the Add button.
- 2. Select "Unlisted or Updated Drivers" from the list of drivers in the



- Add window by placing the mouse pointer over it and clicking the left mouse button. Press the OK button.
- 3. The Install Driver dialog box will appear and request the path of the location of the drivers to be installed. Enter D:\driv-all\realtek\WinNT (where D: is your CDROM drive) If the installation fails, first copy all the files in the above directory to your harddisk and give that directory to NT.
- 4. After installation Windows NT will display a dialog box asking you to restart your system.
- 5. Press the Restart Now button to complete the installation.

Uninstalling or Updating the Realtek LAN Drivers

- Double click on the Network icon in the control panel. Select the Devices tab from the Network properties window.
- Double click on the Realtek Devices entry from the Network devices list. Select the driver by placing the mouse pointer over the Realtek LAN driver label and clicking the left mouse button.
- 3. Press the REMOVE button.
- 4. A question box will appear to verify your decision. Press the YES button.
- 5. Windows NT will display a dialog box asking you to restart your system. Press the Restart Now button to complete the Un-installation.



