# sgi

SGI® Altix® UV Software Install Guide

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# **New Features in This Guide**

This rewrite of the *SGI Altix UV Software Install Guide* supports the SGI Performance Suite 1.0 release.

# **Major Documentation Changes**

Performed the following:

- Updated "Installing SLES 11 SP1, SGI Foundation 2.2, and SGI Performance Suite 1.0 Software" on page 14.
- Updated "Enabling BaseIO VGA" on page 23.
- Added "Booting Using iSCSI Protocol" on page 33.

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# **Record of Revision**

Version	Description
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#### **About This Manual**

Your SGI Altix UV system comes with pre-installed software. This manual describes how to reinstall it if necessary.

## **Obtaining Publications**

You can obtain SGI documentation in the following ways:

- See the SGI Technical Publications Library at: http://docs.sgi.com. Various formats are available. This library contains the most recent and most comprehensive set of online books, release notes, man pages, and other information.
- You can also view man pages by typing man *title* on a command line.

#### **Related Publications and Other Sources**

This section describes documentation you may find useful, as follows:

• SGI Performance Suite 1.0 Start Here

Provides information about the SGI Performance Suite 1.0 release including information about major new features, software installation, and an overview SGI Performance Suite products.

• SGI Foundation Software 2.2 Start Here

Provides information about the SGI Foundation Software 2.2 release that supports SGI differentiated server solutions.

SGI Management Center Installation and Configuration

This guide is intended for system administrators. It describes how to install and configure the SGI Management Center. A companion manual, *SGI Management Center System Administrator's Guide*, describes general cluster administration.

• SGI Altix UV System Management Node Administrator's Guide

This guide describes the system management node (SMN) for SGI Altix UV 1000 and SGI Altix UV 100 series systems. It provides information on how to install,

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configure, and use software on the SMN to manage and monitor SGI Altix UV systems.

• SGI Altix UV CMC Controller Software User's Guide

Describes how to use the controller commands on your chassis manager controller (CMC) to monitor and manage SGI Altix UV 100 and SGI Altix UV 1000 systems.

• SGI Altix UV 1000 System User's Guide

This guide provides an overview of the architecture and descriptions of the major components that compose the SGI Altix UV 1000 system. It also provides the standard procedures for powering on and powering off the system, basic troubleshooting information, and important safety and regulatory specifications.

• SGI Altix UV 100 System User's Guide

This guide provides an overview of the architecture and descriptions of the major components that compose the SGI Altix UV 100 system. It also provides the standard procedures for powering on and powering off the system, basic troubleshooting information, and important safety and regulatory specifications.

#### **Conventions**

The following conventions are used throughout this document:

Convention	Meaning
command	This fixed-space font denotes literal items such as commands, files, routines, path names, signals, messages, and programming language structures.
manpage(x)	Man page section identifiers appear in parentheses after man page names.
variable	Italic typeface denotes variable entries and words or concepts being defined.
user input	This bold, fixed-space font denotes literal items that the user enters in interactive sessions. (Output is shown in nonbold, fixed-space font.)
[]	Brackets enclose optional portions of a command or directive line.

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Ellipses indicate that a preceding element can be repeated.

#### **Reader Comments**

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# **Altix UV Software Installation**

This chapter describes how to install software on the SGI management node (SMN) and the Altix UV system itself in case of root disk failure on either platform. It covers these topics:

- "System Management Node Software Installation" on page 1
- "SGI Management Center Software Installation" on page 12
- "Installing SLES 11 SP1, SGI Foundation 2.2, and SGI Performance Suite 1.0 Software" on page 14
- "Installing RHEL 6" on page 18

# **System Management Node Software Installation**

Figure 1-1 on page 2 shows one rack of an SGI Altix UV system.

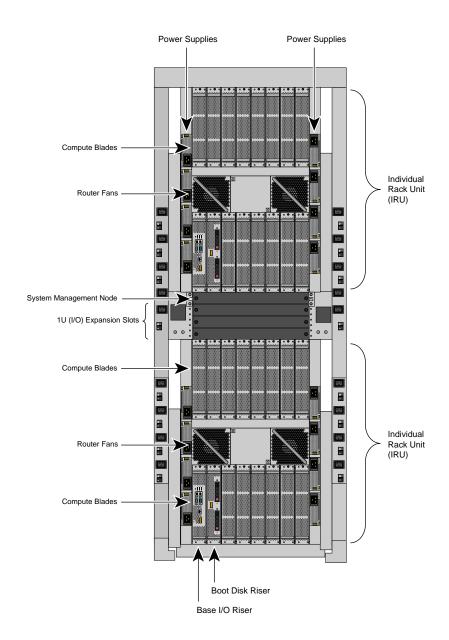


Figure 1-1 SGI Altix UV 1000 System Rack

The system management node (SMN) is either located in the top 1U slot between the individual rack units (IRUs) or at the top of the rack.

**Procedure 1-1** Installing Software on the System Management Node (SMN)

To install SLES 11 software images on the system admin controller, perform the following steps:

1. Turn on, reset, or reboot the SMN. The power on button is on the right of the SMN, as shown in Figure 1-2 on page 3.

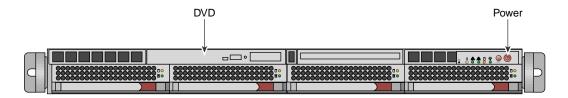


Figure 1-2 System Management Node Power On Button and DVD Drive

- 2. Insert the SLES 11 Service Pack 1 DVD in the DVD drive on the left of the SMN as shown in Figure 1-2 on page 3.
- 3. Once installation of software on the system management node is complete, remove the DVD from the DVD drive.
- 4. After the reboot completes, you will eventually see the **YaST2 firstboot@Linux Welcome** screen, as shown in Figure 1-3 on page 4. Select the **Next** button to continue.

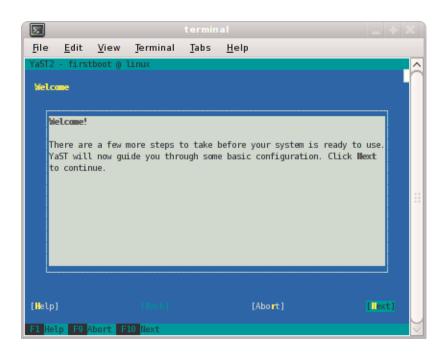


Figure 1-3 YaST2 - firstboot@Linux Welcome Screen

**Note:** The YaST2 Installation Tool has a main menu with sub-menus. You will be redirected back to the main menu, at various times, as you follow the steps in this procedure.

You will be prompted by YaST2 firstboot installer to enter your system details including the root password, network configuration, time zone, and so on.

5. From the **Hostname and Domain Name** screen, as shown in Figure 1-4 on page 5, enter the hostname and domain name of your system in the appropriate fields. Make sure that **Change Hostname via DHCP** is **not** selected (no **x** should appear in the box). Note that the hostname is saved to /etc/hosts in step 10, below. Click the **Next** button to continue.

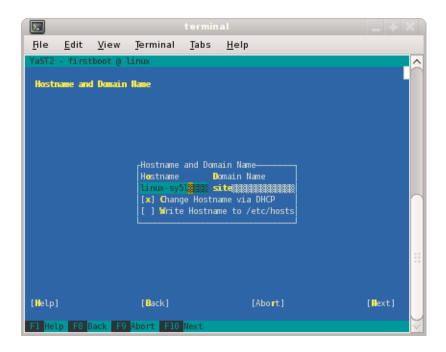


Figure 1-4 Hostname and Domain Name Screen

**Note:** The mostly used keys are Tab and Shift + Tab to move forward and backward in modules, the arrow keys to move up and down or left and right in lists, the shortcuts (press Alt + highlighted letter) and Enter to execute the selected action or activate a menu item.

You can use Ctrl L to refresh the YaST screen as necessary.

6. The **Network Configuration II** screen appears, as shown in Figure 1-5 on page 6. Select **Change** and a small window pops up that lets you choose **Network Interfaces...** or **Reset to Defaults**. Choose **Network Interfaces**.

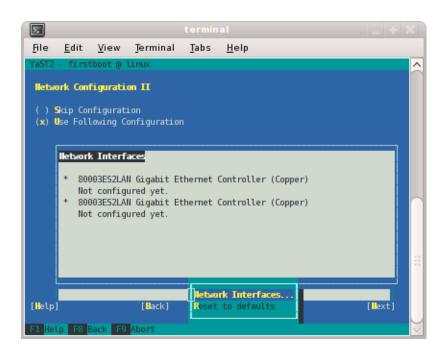


Figure 1-5 Network Configuration II Screen

7. From the **Network Settings** screen, as shown in Figure 1-6 on page 7, configure the first card under **Name** to establish the public network (sometimes called the house network) connection to your SGI Altix UV system. To do this, highlight the first card and select **Edit**.

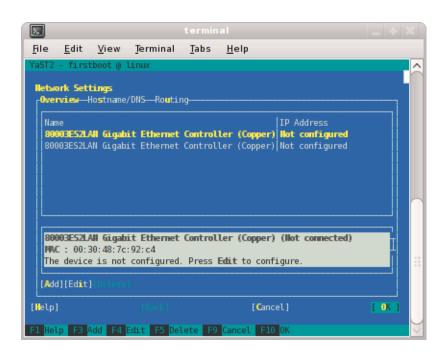


Figure 1-6 Network Settings Screen

**Note:** In SLES11, this screen is also where we will come back to in order to set up things like the default route and DNS. You can see all of those menu choices just to the right of **Overview** in Figure 1-6 on page 7.

8. The **Network Card Setup** screen appears, as shown in Figure 1-7 on page 8. SGI suggests using static IP addresses and not DHCP for admin nodes. Select **Statically assigned IP Address**. Once selected, you can enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Hostname.

**Note:** You must use a fully qualified hostname (host + domain), such as, mysystem-admin.domainname.mycompany.com.

These are the settings for your admin node's house/public network interface. You will enter the default route, if needed, in a different step. Select **Next** to continue.

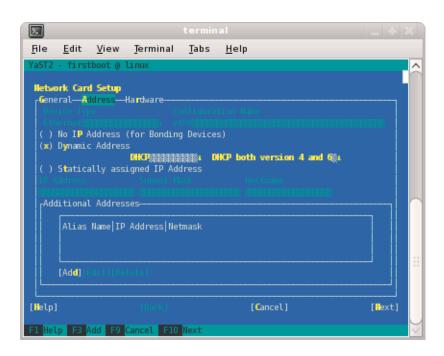


Figure 1-7 Network Card Setup Screen

9. At this point, you are back at the **Network Settings** screen as shown in Figure 1-8 on page 9. At this time, select **Hostname/DNS**. In this screen, you should enter your house/public network hostname and fully qualified domain names. In addition, any name servers for your house/public network should be supplied. Please select (ensure an x is in the box) for **Write hostname to /etc/hosts**. Do **not** select **OK** yet.

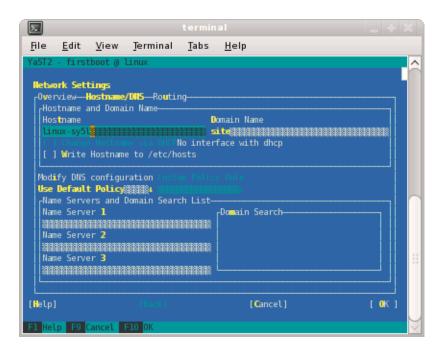


Figure 1-8 Network Settings Screen

10. Select **Routing** shown in Figure 1-9 on page 10 and enter your house/public network default router information there. Now you can select **OK**.

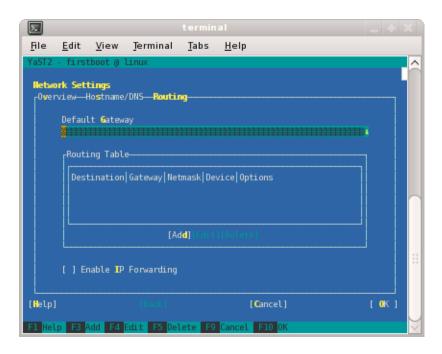


Figure 1-9 Network Settings Routing Screen

- 11. You are now back at the Network Configuration II screen, Click Next.
- 12. In the **Clock and Time Zone** screen, you can enter the appropriate details. Select **Next** to continue.
- 13. In the **Password for the System Administrator** "root" screen, enter the password you wish to use. This password will be used **throughout** the cluster, not just the admin node. Select **Next** to continue.
- 14. In the **User Authentication Method** screen, most customers will want to stick with the default (**Local**). Select **Next** to continue.
- 15. In the **New Local User** screen, you can just select **Next** (and say **Yes** to the **Empty User Login** warning). Select **Next** to continue.
- 16. In Installation Completed, select Finish.

17. After you have completed the YaST first boot installation instructions, login into the system admin controller. You can use YaST2 to confirm or correct any configuration settings.

18.

**Note:** The SGI System Management Node Software 1.0 Release Notes are available on SGI SupportFolio https://support.sgi.com/login.

Using YaST2 or manually the rpm command, from the SGI-System-Management-Node-Software-1.0 ISO, install the following:

```
rpm -i noarch/sgi-smn-release-1.0-sgi701r3.sles11.noarch.rpm
rpm -i x86_64/monit-5.0.3-lsgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
rpm -i x86_64/monit-sgi-rules-5.0.3-lsgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
rpm -i x86_64/sysco-uv-libs-1.0-20100520.1219sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
rpm -i x86_64/sgi-gather-smn-uv-1.0-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
rpm -i x86_64/sysco-uv-1.0-20100520.1219sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
```

#### **SGI Altix UV Server Installation Instructions**

This section describes how to do a clean install on a SGI Altix UV server.

#### **DVD Access**

Currently, to reinstall your software you need a USB-DVD and connect that to the BASEIO (see Figure 1-1 on page 2) and boot the Novell rescue CD.

#### Software Installation

Use a USB-DVD drived to connect to the BASEIO and boot using the Novell rescue CD. You need to get BIOS booted to efi shell and boot from the DVD. Use a command similar to the following:

fs1:efi\boot\bootx64 -i initrd linux console=ttyS0,115200n8 ssh=1

**Note:** The fs number may be different. Booting an Altix UV systems takes some time. It may take awhile for the screen to change.

When partitioning the system disk, you need to create a /boot/efi partition instead of a /boot partition.

For information on installing software on your Altix UV sever, see "Installing SLES 11 SP1, SGI Foundation 2.2, and SGI Performance Suite 1.0 Software" on page 14.

### **SGI Management Center Software Installation**

For information on how to install SGI Management Center (SMC) software, see the *SGI Management Center Installation and Configuration* guide available at http://docs.sgi.com. In particular, see Chapter 1, "Installing SGI Management Center" and "Install Management Center Payload" section in Chapter 4, "Creating Payloads and Images".

#### **SMC Installation Overview**

A quick overview of installation and initial configuration is, as follows:

1. Add an entry to the /etc/hosts file. The entry for "host" must be there, as follows:

```
172.21.0.1 admin.default.domain admin host loghost
```

- 2. Install the following packages:
  - pyxml (SLES 11 SP1 Media)
  - apache-log4cxx (from the SGI MC AP ISO)
  - Prerequisites: (SGI MC Media)

```
db46-4.6.21-0.1sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
ice-3.3.0-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
ice-java-3.3.0-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
ice-libs-3.3.0-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
java-1.6.0-sun-1.6.0.17-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
java-1.6.0-sun-fonts-1.6.0.17-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
libdb_java-4_6-4.6.21-0.1sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
mkelfImage-2.7-0.1sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
```

• Main packages (SGI MC Media)

```
sgimc-1.1.0-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
sgimc-server-1.1.0-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
shout-0.1-sgi701r1.sles11.x86_64.rpm
```

• TFTP packages:

```
tftp (SLES 11 SP1 Media)
sgimc-tftp
sgimc-tftpboot

or

atftp (SLES 11 SP1 Media)
sgimc-atftp
sgimc-tftpboot
```

Note: If in doubt, just use tftp

- Start shout, as follows:
  - # /etc/init.d/shout start
  - # chkconfig shout on
- 3. Request a SGI Altix UV enabled LK license for SGI MC from SGI. Put the contents in /etc/lk/keys.dat.
- 4. Restart the sgimc daemon, as follows:
  - # /etc/init.d/mgr restart
- 5. Make sure the following daemons are enabled to run at boot time:

```
dhcpd
ntp
tftp or atftp
```

Start the following services:

```
ntp
tftp or atftp
```

6. Open the SGI MC GUI and make the following configuration changes:

- Go to **Edit** -> **preferences**. In **General network preferences** change the subnet to 172.21.0.0 netmask 255.255.0.0
- Still in **General network preferences**, make sure the log server and ntp server are that of the Management Network for the SMN (usually 172.21.0.1).
- Set the NTP server to 127.0.0.1
- Put a check mark in Direct PXE Boot and keep EFI Boot checked as well.

#### Creating a New Payload from a Tarball

This section describes how to create a new payload called "SSI-payload", as follows:

1. Create a payload directory, as follows:

```
# mkdir -p /opt/sgi/sgimc/imaging/root/payloads/new-payload
```

2. Create a payload profile, as follows:

```
# cd /opt/sgi/sgimc/imaging/root/payloads/new-payload
and then edit the payload.profile to look similar to the following:
```

```
#SGI Management Center Payload

#Tue May 25 17:34:17 CDT 2010

architecture=x86_64 name=new-payload description=New payload

for an SSI
```

In the Management Center GUI, refresh the **Imaging** pane. Open the payload and check it in.

# Installing SLES 11 SP1, SGI Foundation 2.2, and SGI Performance Suite 1.0 Software

The following set of instructions is based on an install using the physical product media. For other installation methods, see the product release notes.

#### Installing on SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 SP1

For an overview of SLES11 SP1 installation, see the SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 Installation Quick Start (installquick.pdf). This document provides a quick overview of how to run through the default installation of SLES walking you through a number of installation screens. For detailed installation instructions, see the SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 Deployment Guide (deployment.pdf)

**Note:** Documentation for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 SP1 is located on your system in the /docu/en directory.

#### Install SLES11 SP1, SGI Foundation Software 2.2, and SGI Performance Suite 1.0 Together

**Note:** If you are only installing SLES11 SP1 and SGI Foundation 2 SP1 software, just skip the steps about installing SGI Peformance Suite software.

To install SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 (SLES11) SP 1 from the DVD media and SGI Foundation Sotftware 2 SP1 and SGI Performance Suite 1.0 software as an add-on products, perform the following steps:

- 1. Insert the SLES 11 SP1 Installation DVD in the DVD drive and reboot your system.
- 2. Follow the steps in the SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 Installation Quick Start. When you get to the Installation Mode screen, as shown in Figure 1-10 on page 16, click the button next to Include Add-On Products from Separate Media and then click Next to continue.



Figure 1-10 SLES11 Installation Mode Screen

3. From the **Media Type** screen, shown in Figure 1-11 on page 17, click the button to the left of **CD**.

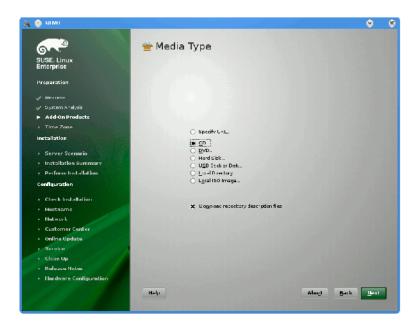


Figure 1-11 SLES11 Media Type Screen

- The Insert the add-on product CD dialog box appears. Insert the SGI
  -Foundation-x86\_64 CD into the drive and click the Continue button and then
  Next to proceed.
- 5. From the Add-On Product Installation screen, as shown in Figure 1-12 on page 18, click on SGI-Foundation-x86\_64 1-6 cd:///.Directory and click the Add button and then Next to proceed
- 6. Repeat steps 3 through 6 to add a software bundle from the SGI Performance Suite 1.0 product as an add-on product. Eject the SGI Foundation 2.2 CD and replace it with an SGI Peformance Suite CD.

The following CDs ship with the SGI Performance Suite 1.0 release:

- SGI<sup>®</sup> Accelerate™ CD
- SGI<sup>®</sup> MPI CD
- SGI<sup>®</sup> REACT<sup>®</sup> CD

#### • SGI® UPC CD

For more information on these products, see the SGI Peformance Suite 1.0 Start Here.

From the Add-On Product Installation screen as shown in Figure 1-12 on page 18, click on SGI-ProPack-x86\_64 6-4 cd:///Directory click the Add button and then Next to proceed.

7. Follow the SLES11 SP1 instructions to complete the installation.

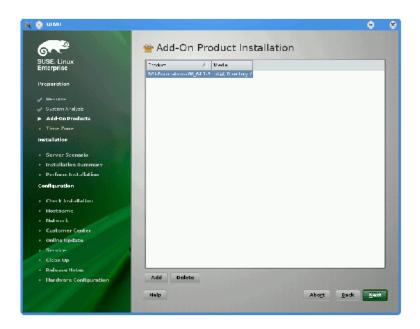


Figure 1-12 SLES11 SP1 Add-On Product Installation Screen Showing SGI Foundation

# **Installing RHEL 6**

This section describes how to install Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 on an Altix UV system.

#### Procedure 1-2 Installing RHEL 6 Software

Installation instructions for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 (RHEL 6) and SGI Performance Suite 1.0 software are contained in the product release notes in a file named README.TXT that is available in /docs directory on the CD media.

These instructions assume that you have a VGA display or that you are able to remotely display X11 graphics. If you do not have a VGA display, you should connect from your workstation to the target server with the following command:

```
% ssh -X root@target-server
```

To install RHEL 6 software images on the an Altix UV system, perform the following steps:

- 1. Insert the product media and enter the following command to mount it:
  - % mount /dev/cdrom/mnt
- 2. Run the following command and follow the examples provided:
  - % /mnt/create-yum-config-file

Additional installation instructions are provided in the release notes file.

3. Add the IPADDR, NETMASK, and NETWORK values appropriate for the public (house) network interface to the

/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0 file similar to the following example:

```
IPADDR=128.162.244.88
NETMASK=255.255.255.0
NETWORK=128.162.244.0
```

4. Create the /etc/sysconfig/network file similar to the following example:

```
[root@localhost ~]# cat /etc/sysconfig/network
NETWORKING=yes
HOSTNAME=my-system-admin
GATEWAY=128.162.244.1
```

5. Create the /etc/resolv.conf file similar to the following example:

```
[root@localhost ~]# cat /etc/resolv.conf
search domain-name.mycompany.com
nameserver 137.38.224.40
```

```
nameserver 137.38.31.248 nameserver 137.38.225.5
```

6. Add the IP address of the house network interface and the name(s) of the admin node to /etc/hosts file similar to the following example:

```
# echo "128.162.244.88 my-system-admin.domain-name.mycompany.com my-system-admin
```

- 7. Set the admin node hostname, as follows:
  - # hostname my-system-admin
- 8. Force the invalidation of the host cache of nscd with the nscd(8) command on the hosts file, as follows:
  - # nscd -i hosts
- 9. Restart the following services (in this order), as follows:

```
# /etc/init.d/network restart
# /etc/init.d/rpcbind start
# /etc/init.d/nfslock start
```

10. Set the local timezone. The timezone is set with /etc/localtime, a timezone definition file. The timezone defined in /etc/localtime can be determined, as follows:

```
# strings /etc/localtime | tail -1
CST6CDT,M3.2.0,M11.1.0
```

Link the appropriate timezone file from directory /usr/share/zoneinfo to /etc/localtime. For example, set timezone to Pacific Time / Los Angeles, as follows:

```
# /bin/cp -1 /usr/share/zoneinfo/PST8PDT /etc/localtime.$$
# /bin/mv /etc/localtime.$$ /etc/localtime
```

Confirm the timezone, as follows:

```
# strings /etc/localtime | tail -1
PST8PDT,M3.2.0,M11.1.0
```

11. Set network time configuration. By default, the configuration in /etc/ntp.conf directs requests to public servers of the pool.ntp.org project. Use public servers from the http://www.pool.ntp.org/en/ project:

```
server 0.rhel.pool.ntp.org
server 1.rhel.pool.ntp.org
server 2.rhel.pool.ntp.org
```

You may need to modify this ntp configuration file to point at a time server on your network. Please do not remove any entries that serve the cluster networks. For example, to direct requests to, for example, my.corp.mycompany.com, comment/delete the pool entries and insert the local entry, as follows:

```
# Use public servers from the pool.ntp.org project.
# Please consider joining the pool (http://www.pool.ntp.org/join.html).
#server 0.rhel.pool.ntp.org
#server 1.rhel.pool.ntp.org
#server 2.rhel.pool.ntp.org
server my.corp.mycompany.com
```

Restart the ntp server, as follows:

```
# /etc/init.d/ntpd restart
```

12. Make sure you have registered with the Red Hat Network (RHN). If you have not yet registered, run the following command:

```
% /usr/bin/rhn_register
```

# **System Configuration Using the Device Manager**

This chapter describes how to use the BIOS setup utility **Device Manager** and covers these topics:

- "Enabling BaseIO VGA" on page 23
- · "Booting Using iSCSI Protocol" on page 33

# **Enabling BaselO VGA**

This section walks you through steps to enable BaseIO video graphics array (VGA) on an SGI Altix UV 100 or an SGI Altix UV 1000 system.

Procedure 2-1 Enabling BaseIO VGA

To enable BaseIO VGA, perform the following steps:

From the Linux Shell> prompt, as shown in Figure 2-1 on page 24, enter the
exit command. When you are using a VGA console, this will drop you into the
SGI KVM console system setup screens. If you are using a serial console to the
system chassis manager controller (CMC), you will go directly into the Device
Manager setup screens.

```
JViewer[172.21.0.255] - 0 fps
<u>V</u>ideo <u>Keyboard Mouse Options Device VideoRecord SoftKeyboard <u>H</u>elp</u>
              A-8089-4298-972E-56A609288F11.0x283BAF.0xD693B)
                             :Removable HardDisk - filias (mull)
PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x3.0x0)/Pci(0x0.0x0)/Scsi(0xA.0x0)/HD(5.GPT.E1BEF3D
              C-B5D6-4358-9B1E-4916F98A279A+0x35A4EA+0x783BD6A)
              blk5 : Removable HardDisk - Alias (mull)
PciRoot (0x0) /Pci (0x3.0x0) /Pci (0x0.0x0) /Scsi (0x0.0x0) /HD (6.GPT.618D6ED
E-D103-431D-9355-24CF815E4AE4.0x7896254.0x7838D6B)
                             :Removable HardDisk - Alias (null)
PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x3,0x0)/Pci(0x0,0x0)/Scsi(0xA,0x0)/HD(7,GPT,1126DBD
                b1k6
              6-28C7-4D2D-A4DC-60E1B3B90BF5.0xF3D1FBF.0x783BD6B)
                blk7
                             :Removable HardDisk - Alias (mull)
              PciRoot (0x0) /Pci (0x3,0x0) /Pci (0x0,0x0) /Scsi (0x4,0x0) /HD (8,GPT,FCS1B06
E-5D80-479D-A7DA-3B1532113FDC.0x16C0DD2A.0x783BD6B)
              blk8 : Removable HardDisk - Alias (mull)
PciRoot (0x0) /Pci (0x3,0x0) /Pci (0x0,0x0) /Scsi (0xA,0x0) /HD (9,GPT,FAB18DB
3-130B-47DA-B7A7-C457F8E59E3D.0x1E449A95,0x4A817A6)
                             :Removable BlockDevice - Alias (mull)
PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x3,0x0)/Pci(0x0,0x0)/Scsi(0xh,0x0)
                blk9
                blkA
                             :Removable BlockDevice - Alias (null)
                              PciRoot (0x0) /Pci (0x1A.0x7) /USB (0x3.0x0)
                             :Removable BlockDevice - Alias (null)
                              PciRoot (0x0) /Pci (0x1A,0x7) /USB (0x3,0x0) /Unit (0x1)
              Press ESC in 1 seconds to skip startup.nsh, \ any other key to continue. Shell> <math display="inline">exit\_
```

Figure 2-1 KVM JViewer Shell Prompt with exit Command Screen

2. From the SGI KVM Console, as shown in Figure 2-2 on page 25, hit [Space] for the Boot Menu.



Figure 2-2 SGI KVM Console Screen

3. From the boot manager screen, select **Device Manager**, as shown in Figure 2-3 on page 26.

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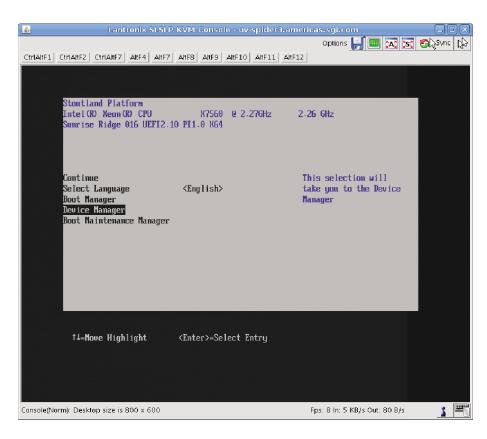


Figure 2-3 Device Manager Boot Manager Selection

4. From the **Device Manager** screen, as shown in Figure 2-4 on page 27, select **Advanced**.

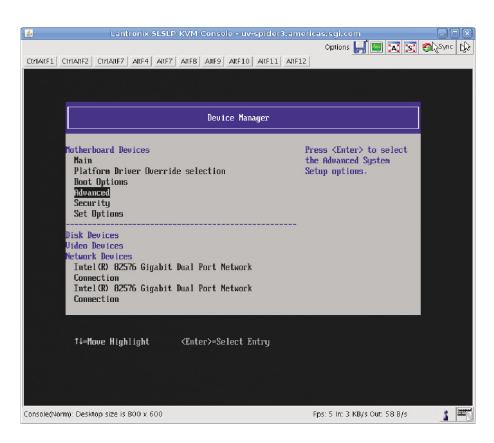


Figure 2-4 Device Manager Screen

5. From the **Advanced** screen, select **Miscellaneous Configuration**, as shown in Figure 2-5 on page 28.

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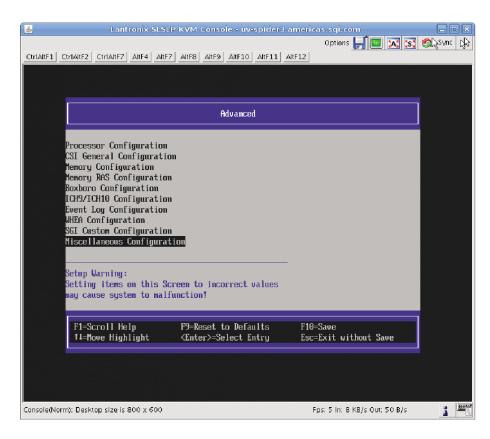


Figure 2-5 Advanced Boot Setup Screen

6. From the **Miscellaneous Configuration** screen, as shown in Figure 2-6 on page 29, for **Active Video** select **<Onboard Device>**.

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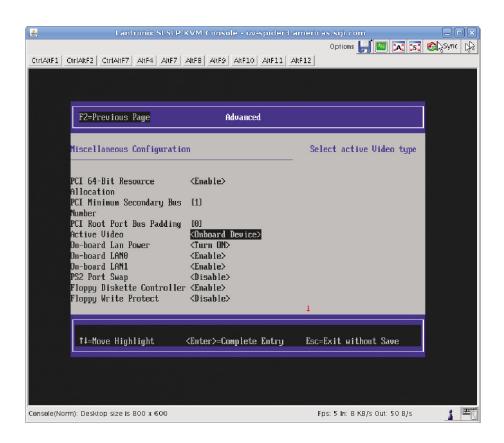


Figure 2-6 Miscellaneous Configuration Screen

7. From the **Active Video** pop-up menu, select **Onboard Device**, as show in Figure 2-7 on page 30.

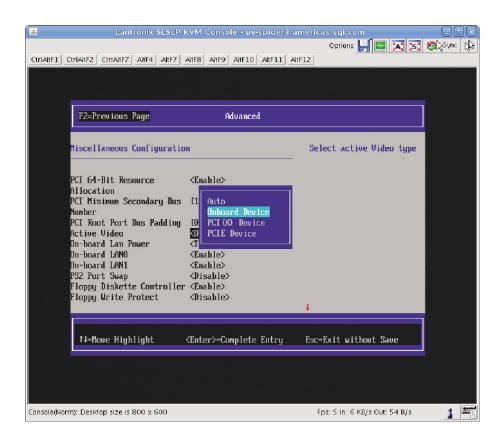


Figure 2-7 Active Video Pop-up Menu

- 8. Save your configuration changes, exit KVM, and reboot your system.
- 9. Launch the YaST2 System Configuration Editor shown in Figure 2-8 on page 31.

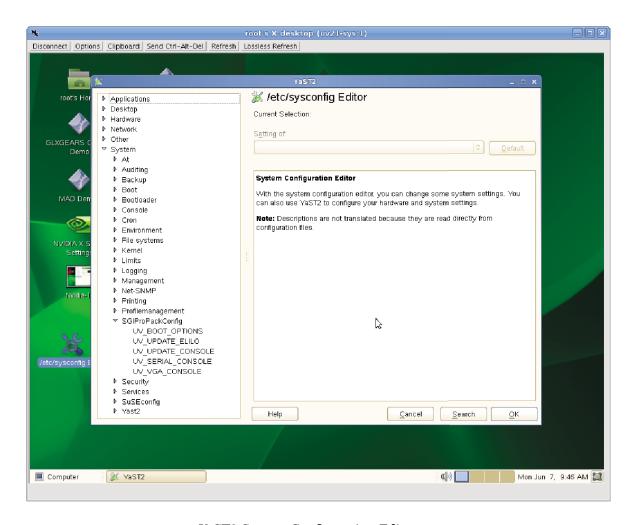


Figure 2-8 YaST2 System Configuration Editor Screen

10. Specify that the Altix UV BaseIO VGA device be added to the kernel boot cmdline, as shown in Figure 2-9 on page 32.

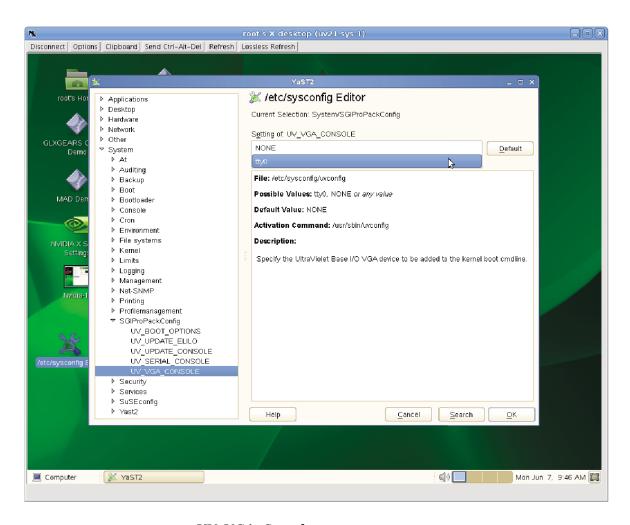


Figure 2-9 UV\_VGA\_Console Selection

11. When the **Modified Variables** screen appears, as shown in Figure 2-10 on page 33, click OK to save your changes.

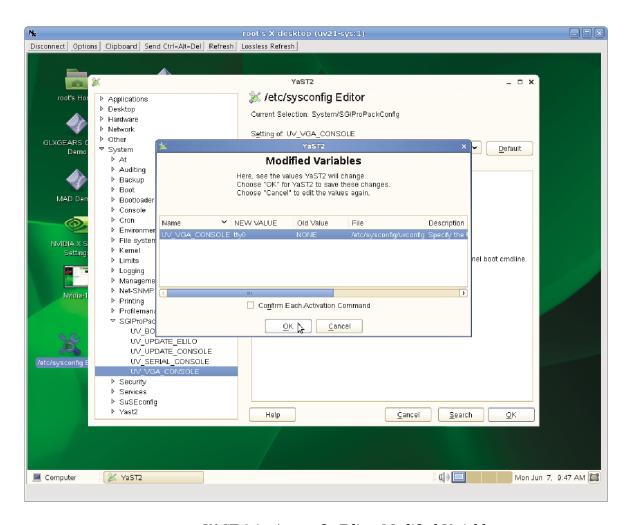


Figure 2-10 YAST 2 /etc/sysconfig Editor Modified Variables Screen

## **Booting Using iSCSI Protocol**

This section walks you through steps to enable your SGI Altix UV system to boot using iSCSI protocol.

## Procedure 2-2 Booting Using iSCSI Protocol

To setup your SGI Altix UV system to boot using iSCSI protocol, perform the following steps:

- 1. From the **Shell**> prompt, enter the exit command and the boot manager screen appears.
- 2. From the boot manager screen, select Device Manager, see Figure 2-3 on page 26.
- 3. From the **Device Manager** screen, as shown in Figure 2-11 on page 34, select **iSCSI Configuration**.



Figure 2-11 Device Manager iSCSI Configuration Screen

4. On the **iSCSI Configuration** screen, as shown in Figure 2-12 on page 35, enter a worldwide unique **iSCSI Initiator Name** for your initiator.



Figure 2-12 iSCSI Configuration Screen 1 of 4

5. Select the MAC address of the port you want to configure and enter it into that menu, as shown in Figure 2-13 on page 36. The **Enable iSCSI** option **iSCSI Configuration** screen appears, as shown in Figure 2-14 on page 37.

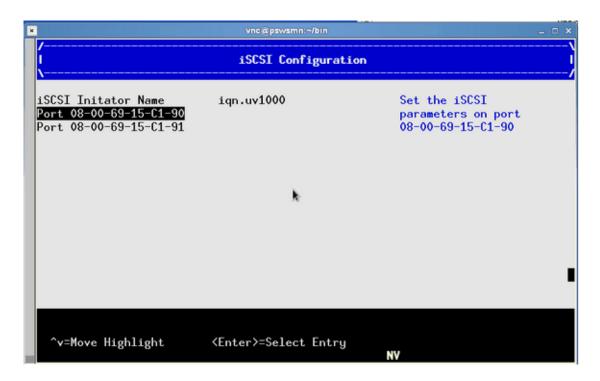


Figure 2-13 iSCSI Configuration 2 of 4 Screen

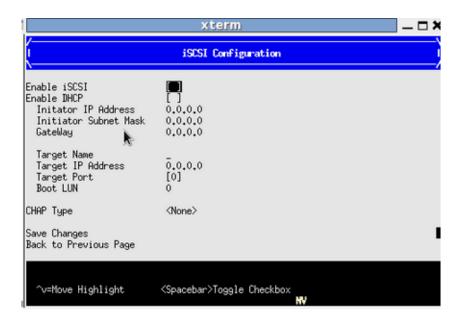


Figure 2-14 iSCSI Configuration 3 of 4 Screen

6. Enable iSCSI on the port (see Figure 2-15 on page 38). If you are using DHCP to get your initiator's IP address, enable DHCP, otherwise enter the Initiator's IP address, Subnet address and Gateway. Also enter the **Target Name** of the iSCSI target along with the IP address of the **Target**. Then enter the **Target Port** and **Boot LUN**. Save your changes.

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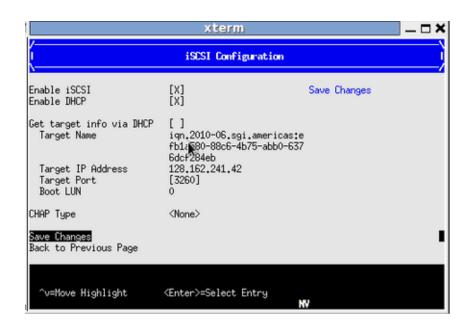


Figure 2-15 iSCSI Configuration 4 of 4 Screen

7. Reboot the BIOS. On reboot your iSCSI target will show up in the EFI map (**fs0** in this example):

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```
EFI Shell version 2.10 [4096.1]
Current running mode 1.1.2
 revice mapping table

fs0 :HardDisk - Alias hd22aiaagjbfmbja8010215484a801021516210ffk1 blk0

PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x1,0x0)/Pci(0x0,0x0)/MAC(08006915C190,0x0)/IPv4(128
 162.241.42,TCP,DHCP,128.162.244.132)/iSCSI(iqn.2010-06.sgi.americas:efb1a580-88
c6-4b75-abb0-6376dcf284eb.0x1.0x0.None.None.None.TCP)/HD(1.MBR.0x00054FFB.0x40.0
x1FFFC0)
           :HardDisk - Alias hd137bowjcjwipaegxc0b blk1
  fs1
            PciRoot(0x2)/Pci(0x3,0x0)/Pci(0x0,0x1)/Fibre(0x21000011C61DD831,0x0)/
HD(1,GPT,D3719E17-3DBC-41E8-AD60-C57C9020766B,0x1000,0xF9001)
           :Removable HardDisk - Alias hd25a0b blk2
            PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x3,0x0)/Pci(0x0,0x0)/Scsi(0x0,0x0)/HD(1,GPT,01B74A5
 -5E4D-4E55-B080-EA57E95519A5,0x22,0xD6919)
           :Removable HardDisk - Alias hd2
 PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x3,0x0)/Pci(0x0,0x0)/Scsi(0x0,0x0)/HD(2,GPT,7189C05
-EEF2-4AD9-BB28-2FEFB3F3676A,0xD693B,0xD693A)
           :Removable HardDisk - Alias hd25a0d blk4
            PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x3,0x0)/Pci(0x0,0x0)/Scsi(0x0,0x0)/HD(3,GPT,BE14BC8
 -EF92-41EE-B6A9-12219273D9D6,0x1AD275,0xD693A)
           :HardDisk - Alias hd22aiaag.jbfmb.ja8010215484a801021516210ffk1 fs0
            PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x1,0x0)/Pci(0x0,0x0)/MAC(08006915C190,0x0)/IPv4(128
```

Figure 2-16 EFI Shell Device Mapping Table Screen

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